1. Keeping in view the wider application of any findings, which one of the following research design is most appropriate to conduct any research in education.
   A) Survey design
   B) Pre - test Post - test control group design
   C) Post - test only control group design
   D) Post - test only non - equivalent control group design

2. Function of N.C.T.E. and N.A.A.C. differs in
   A) Recognition and Accreditation only.
   B) Assessment and Accreditation only.
   C) Recognition, Assessment and Accreditation only.
   D) Assessment and Recognition only.

3. Hands on experience in a teacher education programme is
   A) a medium of critical and reflective thinking.
   B) the experiences accumulated within the institutions boundary.
   C) The knowledge attained by teachers following training.
   D) Pedagogic Medium both inside and outside class - room.
4. School Education in USA as well as in India are divided into the following levels.
   A) Primary, Elementary and High School (USA). Primary, Upper Primary and Secondary (India)
   B) Elementary, Middle School and High School (USA)
   C) Junior High School, High School and Senior High School (USA)
   D) Pre - Primary, Primary and Elementary (USA) Pre - Primary, Primary and Elementary (India)

5. What is meant by 'Curriculum intent'?
   A) All the intentions of intended curriculum
   B) All the intentions of explicit curriculum
   C) Aims, goals and objectives of explicit curriculum
   D) Aims, goals and objectives of recommended curriculum.

6. David Asubel formulated which model of teaching?
   A) Concept Attainment Model   B) Inductive thinking Model
   C) Synectics Model   D) Advance Organiser Model

7. Personality trait is an unit of personality that is built within by
   A) habit and motive   B) interest and motive
   C) motive and volition   D) motive and cognition

8. The trained teachers are more competent in teaching than the untrained teachers:- This is a
   A) Non - directional hypothesis   B) Directional hypothesis
   C) Null hypothesis   D) No - a - priori hypothesis

9. Which approach of educational planning is known as cost - effective approach?
   A) Social demand approach   B) Rate of return approach
   C) Social Justice approach   D) Demographic approach

10. Learning disability is not related to
    A) discrepancy between ability and performance
    B) Environmental disadvantages and cultural deprivation
    C) disfunctioning of brain
    D) Poor reading and arithmetic performance
11. Full form of PERT is
   A) Programme Enquiry and Revised Technique
   B) Programme and Evaluation of Review Technology
   C) Programme Evaluation and Review Technology
   D) Performance Evaluation and Review Technique

12. 'Positive transference' is the key term of
   A) Educational guidance
   B) Vocational guidance
   C) Career Counselling
   D) Psychological counselling

13. A characteristic or condition that remains same for different individuals in a study is a
   A) Variable
   B) trait
   C) constant
   D) ability

14. According to NPE 1986 aim of establishing district institutes of Education and Training is to organise preservice and in-services courses for
   A) Pre - primary and Primary Teachers
   B) Elementary School Teachers
   C) Personnel in Sishu Siksha Kendras
   D) Samprasarikas in Madhyamik Siksha Kendras

15. NCTE stands for
   A) National Conference of Teacher Education
   B) National Committee for Teacher Education
   C) National Council of Teacher Education
   D) National Council for Teacher Education

16. Socio Cultural views of motivation emphasise
   A) Playful learning in community
   B) Cognitive learning in community
   C) Participatory learning in community
   D) Learning that appeals to socio cultural setup of class room

17. In practice, the counsellor generally uses
   A) directive counselling technique
   B) non-directive counselling technique
   C) eclectic counselling technique
   D) his/her own practicing technique
18. Democratic leader does not prefer
   A) Close - Communication  B) Open organisation
   C) Open communication  D) Inter - personal interaction

19. One of the objectives of counselling is
   A) to improve personal effectiveness of counselee
   B) to improve everyday performance of counselee
   C) to maintain social adjustment of counselee
   D) to maintain personal adjustment of counselee

20. Triangulation as a part of data collection in research
   A) draws data-based conclusions
   B) facilitates conducting observations
   C) separates relevant data from irrelevant data
   D) assesses the sufficiency and consistency of data.

21. Local administration of education in the UK is placed under
   A) L.A.E's  B) L.E.A's  C) L.U.E's  D) L.C.E's

22. Visually impaired school children
   A) Learn in pieces
   B) Learn content as a whole
   C) Learn like sighted children
   D) Learn the content with more omission

23. The teacher is very much concerned with Epistemology because his aim is to promote
   A) values  B) truth  C) knowledge  D) skill

24. As a political process, making decision to change curriculum lies on
   A) Local, Regional and National Government Agencies.
   B) Social and Cultural institutions.
   C) People's desires, beliefs, attitudes, skills and knowledge.
   D) Co-operative and collaborative efforts of various enterprises.
25. Which of the following is not true
   A) Essence of Vedanta Philosophy is Param-Atmah or Brahmam.
   B) Sankhya philosophy divides the universe into (25 tattvas) principles
   C) First 8 tattvas comprise of material universe and termed as 'Prakriti in Sankhya'
   D) Purush and Prakriti are the essential of Vedanta Philosophy

26. Caste - based Society promotes
   A) Closed Society       B) Open Society
   C) Progressive Society  D) Regressive Society

27. Personality is the product of interaction especially between
   A) heredity and environment
   B) heredity and socio-cultural environment
   C) environment and cultural heritage
   D) psychosocial environment and culture

28. When the standard deviations of different distributions are equal, the condition is called
   A) Normal probability in distribution.
   B) Equipotentiality in distribution.
   C) Homoscedasticity in distribution
   D) Homogeneity in distribution.

29. Three investigators conducted research on three samples drawn from a group of exceptional children in three different time frames. The results of these researches have been pooled together. The approach followed by this research is termed as
   A) Ex-post facto research       B) Cohort research
   C) Longitudinal research       D) Cross-sectional research

30. Mental Hygiene is
   A) a positive science       B) a normative science
   C) an eclectic science      D) a neural science

31. Language learning is
   A) humanistic in nature      B) Cognitive in nature
   C) gestalt in nature        D) behavioural in nature
32. What is problem solving?
A) Formulating answers to problem-based questions.
B) Solving problems successfully.
C) Creating new solutions for problems faced.
D) Exploring solutions of problems faced.

33. Usability as a characteristic of a good measuring instrument in education contributes to
A) Test consistency
B) Test adequacy
C) Test proficiency
D) Test efficiency

34. The curriculum that provides learning experiences unintentionally to learners during the presentation of intended curriculum is called
A) Implemented curriculum
B) Null curriculum
C) Phantom curriculum
D) Hidden curriculum

35. All the following are components of 'listening' except
A) Hearing
B) Attending or being attentive
C) Answering
D) Understanding and remembering

36. Vocational education in the USA forms an integral part of which stage of education?
A) Secondary Education
B) Primary Education
C) Higher Education
D) Elementary Education

37. Public Universities in USA are operated by
A) Public - Private partnership
B) State Government
C) Private Bodies
D) Religious Institutions

38. Inculcation of the value of love among children promote their
A) Knowledge
B) Understanding
C) Memory
D) Emotions

39. A little girl dresses herself well like a lady but she enjoys more to play cards with her father. Here
A) Mother is her role-model
B) Father is her role-model
C) Mother is her caregiver but father is her playmate
D) Father is her caregiver but mother is her playmate
40. Drill and practice, tutorial, simulation activities, problem solving are examples of
   A) Computer Based Instruction
   B) Computer Managed Instruction
   C) Computer Assisted Instruction
   D) Web Based Instruction

41. The Sankhya system is a type of
   A) Physical materialism
   B) Spiritual materialism
   C) Scientific materialism
   D) Biological materialism

42. Which is the peak organisation in the field of adult learning in Australia?
   A) Asia South Pacific Bureau of Adult Education (ASPBAE)
   B) International Council of Adult Education (ICAE)
   C) Adult Learning Australia (ALA)
   D) Australian Bureau of Adult Learning (ABAL)

43. "Learning may be latent" is the view of
   A) Gagne
   B) Tolman
   C) Bloom
   D) Hull

44. The following are specific characteristics of modernization except
   A) development of Science & Technology
   B) Sustainable development
   C) Universalisation of elementary education
   D) Centralisation and Parochialism

45. A person becomes aggressive towards people who use abusive language. The person is
   A) an aggressive personality
   B) emotionally disturbed
   C) Socially unfit
   D) Mentally fit

46. Education of socially and economically disadvantaged section of society deserves
   A) Supportive national curriculum
   B) Supportive governmental policy
   C) Institutional reservation policy
   D) Special institutional infrastructure
47. Formulation of hypothesis is an inevitable component of
   A) Historical Research  B) Descriptive Research
   C) Experimental Research  D) Case Study

48. Which of the following is not a primary source of historical research?
   A) Autobiography  B) Relics
   C) A video tape  D) A Book on history

49. Which one of the following instantly motivates students?
   A) Creating non-competing conditions for learning
   B) Transacting curriculum through learning by doing
   C) Correlating teaching with learning
   D) Making Schools meant for children

50. Which of the following is not the evaluation process of curriculum?
   A) Summative  B) Formative  C) Prescriptive  D) Diagnostic

51. Psychologists call delinquents as 'Juvenile' due to
   A) Act of law  B) Penal code
   C) Specific developmental period  D) Specific age range

52. Which of the following is not correct both for summative and formative evaluation in the context of curriculum? Both
   A) done by internal or external evaluator or by a combination
   B) examine the worth of a particular entity
   C) are same from perspective of the benefit of the audience
   D) are different in the timing of conducting evaluation

53. Disability of a person in a certain area causes
   A) his disadvantage in certain situations
   B) him handicapped in certain situations
   C) him unable to function mentally in certain situations
   D) him unable to do something in certain situations

54. The principal cause of maladjustment is
   A) ambivalence  B) negative defences
   C) anxiety  D) internal conflict
55. Match the column A with column B:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Column – I</th>
<th>Column – II</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>a) Inter - item consistency reliability</td>
<td>(i) A misnomer</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>b) Internal consistency reliability</td>
<td>(ii) Self correlation</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>c) Face validity</td>
<td>(iii) Rational equivalence method</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>d) Reliability correlation co - efficient</td>
<td>(iv) Parallel method</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>(v) Criteria - Correlation</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Code:

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 a b c d  a b c d
A) i v ii iii  B) iv i v ii
C) iv ii iii v  D) iii iv i ii
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56. Epidiascope uses

A) film strips  B) transparent paper or Book
C) Opaque paper or Book  D) Slides

57. In a two-way ANOVA, interaction sum of squares sometimes come out to be negative. In which type of design negative interaction sum of squares will not appear?

A) Level × Level design  B) Factor × Level design
C) Level × Factor design  D) Factor × Factor design

58. Who assists the ministry of HRD in the formulation and implementation of its policies and programmes in the field of school education?

A) NCTE  B) NCERT  C) UGC  D) MHRD

59. Gestalt theory of learning emphasises

A) a situation with its various elements  
B) a situation as it appears  
C) perception of any situation as a whole  
D) perception of a situation part by part
60. Which of the following is the essentially significant part of 'grass root' model of curriculum development?
   A) objectives of curriculum stated clearly
   B) Organisation of learning experiences stated clearly
   C) Participation of decision makers from grass root level
   D) Participation of teachers who will transact the curriculum

61. Examining the rate of intellectual development of a school learner through certain test is related to
   A) grade norm and percentile norm
   B) standard norm and percentile norm
   C) age norm and standard norm
   D) grade norm and age norm

62. Find the odd one out
   A) Logical positivism  B) Logical empiricism
   C) Verificationism      D) Non-Scientific philosophy

63. Which matching is correct?
   A) Qualitative variable, religion, sex
   B) Continuous variable, members in a family, age
   C) Discrete variable, religion, age
   D) Quantitative variable, Discrete variable, members in a family

64. Which one does not come under systems approach
   A) Systems goal         B) Systems analysis
   C) Systems range        D) Systems design

65. Post active stage of teaching principally aims at
   A) evaluation and testing  B) evaluation and reflection
   C) testing examination    D) testing and feedback

66. An aptitude test is different from an achievement test to the extent the former measures
   A) past learning       B) unplanned learning
   C) future learning     D) planned learning
67. Positive Realism emphasises on
   A) Perceptual experience   B) Speculative experience
   C) Subjective experience   D) Transcendental experience

68. Distance Education is exclusively
   A) media-centric   B) subject-centric
   C) teacher centric   D) learner centric

69. Homoscedasticity is the basic concern of
   A) Autocratic Organisation   B) Democratic Organisation
   C) Bureaucratic Organisation   D) Close organisation

70. Which of the following is not a curriculum element?
   A) Curriculum intent   B) Curriculum Content
   C) Curriculum design   D) Teaching-learning strategies

71. Close circuit television is useful
   A) only for large group audience for communication
   B) only for restricted audience for communication
   C) only for weak students in a class
   D) only for challenged students in a class

72. School mapping approach of planning in more or less same as
   A) Man power approach
   B) Demographic approach
   C) Social justice approach
   D) Intra-educational extrapolation approach

73. Which of the following is a technique for remembering?
   A) phonological loop   B) Automaticity
   C) Tacit knowledge   D) Mnemonics

74. Which one of the following is a principle of counselling?
   A) Acceptance and understanding of the individual
   B) Diagnosis and recognition of individual differences
   C) Flexibility of programme according to community needs
   D) Extending help to all individuals
75. Find out the correct statement
   A) Guidance is provided when required
   B) Counselling is a continuous process
   C) Guidance and counselling do not require reliable data
   D) Guidance and counselling are age-specific

ANSWERS
1-D; 2-C; 3-D; 4-B; 5-C; 6-D; 7-A; 8-B; 9-B; 10-B; 11-C; 12-D; 13-C; 14-B; 15-D; 16-C; 17-C; 18-C; 19-A; 20-D; 21-B; 22-A; 23-C; 24-A; 25-D; 26-A; 27-B; 28-C; 29-B; 30-B; 31-D; 32-C; 33-D; 34-D; 35-C; 36-A; 37-B; 38-D; 39-A; 40-C; 41-B; 42-C; 43-B; 44-D; 45-D; 46-B; 47-C; 48-D; 49-B; 50-C; 51-A; 52-C; 53-A; 54-D; 55-D; 56-C; 57-D; 58-B; 59-C; 60-D; 61-D; 62-D; 63-D; 64-C; 65-D; 66-C; 67-A; 68-B; 69-B; 70-C; 71-B; 72-B; 73-D; 74-A; 75-D.

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