

Bank of Baroda PO Exam

TEST - I: REASONING

Directions (1 – 5) : Read the following information carefully and answer the questions given below it.

A word and number arranging machine, when given a particular input, rearranges it following a particular rule. The following is the illustration of the input and the steps of arrangement.

Input: are 42 for 56 the 25 was 32 wow

Step I: era 24 rof 65 eht 52 saw 23 wow

Step II: aer 6 for 2 eht 7 asw 5 oww

Step III: aer 64 ofr 16 eht 81 asw 49 oww

Step IV: aer 16 ofr 64 eht 81 asw 49 oww

Step V: aer 16 asw 64 eht 81 ofr 49 oww

Step VI: aer 16 asw 49 eht 81 ofr 64 oww

Step VII: aer 16 asw 49 eht 64 ofr 81 oww

Step VII is the last and final step.

1. Which of the following will be step III for the following input?

Input: cut 29 may 82 sip 22 lit 44 kin

(1) uct 16 amy 144 isp 36 ilt 100 ikn

(2) cut 16 amy 9 ips 36 ilt 100 ikn

(3) ctu 4 may 100 isp 16 ilt 64 ink

(4) tuc 4 yma 100 ips 16 lit 64 kin

(5) None of the above

2. Which of the following would be the input for Step IV?

Step IV: afn 36 aan 81 act 169 eot 9 uct

(1) fan 6 naa 9 cat 13 toe 3 cut

(2) fan 4 naa 7 cat 11 toe 1 cut

(3) fan 61 haa 42 toe 31 cut 12 cat

(4) Can't be determined

(5) None of the above

3. How many steps would be required to get the final output for the following input ?

Input: RIN 81 TIN 49 BNIT 69 CON 84 BON

(1) Three

(2) four

(3) five

(4) six

(5) More

than six

4. Which of the following will be the last step for the input in question number 3?

(1) INR 121 INT 221 INT 343 OBN 196 OCN

(2) INR 121 INT 225 INT 196 OBN 343 ODN

(3) INR 121 INT 225 INT 196 OBN 343 OCN

(4) INN 121 INT 225 INT 196 OBN 343 OCN

(5) None of the above

5. If Step I is as follows, what would be the Input ?

Step I now 24 top 46 cot 81 pat 91 tap

(1) own 42 pot 64 toc 18 tap 19 tap

(2) now 24 opt 46 oct 81 pat 91 pat

(3) own 42 pot 64 toc 18 tap 19 pat

(4) Can't be determined

(5) None of the above

Directions (6 – 12) : Read the following information carefully and answer the questions given below it.

Six persons work in an editorial department of a leading publishing house. No member of the editorial team can go for leave in the first half of financial year (April - March). No two of them can take leave simultaneously. But they have managed to take their leaves one by one from October to March for a month each in their respective festivals.

Shyam Rajak will take his leave neither in Sarhul nor in Dipawali. Ajay Tigga will go on leave neither in October nor in January. Nurullah Khan will take his leave either in Durga Puja or in Id-ul-Fitar. Dipawali and Durga Puja will be celebrated in October or November, though not respectively. Manoj Kacchap will take his leave in January, but he will not celebrate Holi. DK Ghosh and Vimal Jain will celebrate Durga Puja and Dipawali though not respectively. Nurullah Khan will go on leave immediately after Manoj Kacchap but not before Ajay Tigga. Christmas will be celebrated in December immediately after Dipawali.

6. Who will take his leave in March ?

(1) Vimal Jain

(2) Ajay Tigga

(3) Shyam Rajak

(4) Can't be determined

(5) None of these

7. Ajay Tigga will take his leave on

(1) Holi

(2) Sarhul

(3) Christmas

(4) Can't be determined

(5) None of these

8. Id-ul-Fitar will be celebrated in the month of

(1) January

(2) February

(3) March

(4) Can't be determined

(5) None of these

9. Dipawali will be celebrated by

(1) Vimal Jain

(2) DK Ghosh

(3) Ajay Tigga

(4) Can't be determined

(5) None of these

10. Who will celebrate Sarhul?

(1) Manoj Kacchap

(2) Shyam Rajak

(3) Ajay Tigga

(4) Can't be determined

11. (5) None of these
DK Ghosh will take his leave in
(1) November (2) December (3) October (4) Can't be determined
(5) None of these
12. Which of the following is a true combination?
(1) Shyam Rajak – Sarhul – March (2) Ajay Tigga – Christmas – January
(3) Manoj Kacchap – Holi – March (4) DK Ghosh – Druga Puja – October
(5) None of the above

Directions (13 – 17) : In making decisions about important questions, it is desirable to be able to distinguish between “strong” arguments and “weak” arguments in so far as they relate to the question. “Strong” arguments are those which are both important and directly related to the question. “Weak” arguments are those which are minor importance and also may not be directly related to the question or may be related to a trivial aspect of the question. Each question below is followed by two arguments numbered I and II. You have to decide which of the arguments is a “strong” argument and which is a “weak” argument. Give answer

- (1) If only argument I is ‘strong’
(2) If only argument II is “strong”
(3) If either I or II is “strong”
(4) If neither I nor II is “strong”
(5) If both I and II are ‘strong’
13. **Statement:** Should the Indian Railways be corporatized?
Arguments:
I. Yes, the move will make it an autonomous entity, which will bring in enormous changes like quick decision-making.
II. No, it is futile unless we put an end to the handling of archaic rules on the appointment of favourites to the top positions.
14. **Statement:** Should there be a law against superstition in India?
Arguments:
I. Yes, it is a belief in magical and similar influences, in idea or practice based on this.
II. No, it has been recognized by our forefathers and has a strong base in our society.
15. **Statement:** Should there be death punishment for those who are involved in manufacturing spurious drugs?
Arguments:
I. Yes, mass murder for the sake of profit should be treated only by one law – death penalty.
II. No, the main objective of the punishment is to bring reform in a convicted person by punishing him / her.
16. **Statement:** Should companies donation to political parties be banned in India?
Arguments:
I. Yes, it was banned during 1969 and 1985 also.
II. No, donation to political parties is not a new thing in the country and has been in existence right from 1956.
17. **Statement:** Should there be uniform civil code in India?
Arguments:
I. Yes, Many personal laws relating to marriage, inheritance, guardianship, divorce, maintenance and property relations in all communities are unjust, especially unjust to women.
II. No, India has a rich cultural mosaic and any artificial singularity, sought to be achieved through a common civil code, would only make the society more fragmented.

Directions (18 – 22) : Study the following information carefully and answer the given question.

- I. There is a family of seven persons representing three generations.
II. There are two married couples. Both the wives are housewives and both have only two children.
III. Sudhakar, the lawyer, is the father of Amit and has two grand- children
IV. Monasi, the doctor, is the sister of the teacher.
V. Subhra's daughter-in-law Sulekha is married to a teacher.
VI. Nidhi, the grand-daughter of one of the housewives, is studying in the 9th standard.
18. What is the profession of Amit?
(1) Student (2) Teacher (3) Lawyer (4) Can't be determined
(5) None of these
19. Which among the following is / are the father-daughter pair?
(1) Sudhakar – Nidhi (2) Sudhakar – Sulekha (3) Amit – Nidhi (4) Sudhakar – Monasi
(5) (3) and (4)
20. Which of the following groups is associated with all three generations?
(1) Sudhakar, Monasi and Nidhi (2) Amit, Monasi and Nidhi
(3) Amit, Sulekha and Nidhi (4) Can't be determined
(5) None of the above
21. How many female members are there in the family?
(1) Two (2) four (3) Three (4) Five (5) Can't be determined
22. Which of the following statements is not true?
(1) The doctor is the paternal aunt of Nidhi (2) Sulekha has one sister – in – law

- (3) The teacher is the son of Subhra
(5) Subhra has two grand-daughters

(4) Sudhakar is the father-in-law of Sulekha

Directions (23 – 25) : Each question below is followed by two statements I and II. You are to determine whether the data given in the statement is sufficient to answer the question. You should use the data and your knowledge of Mathematics to choose between the possible answers. Give answer

- (1) If the statement I alone is sufficient to answer the question, but the statement II alone is not sufficient
(2) If the statement II alone is sufficient to answer the question, but the statement I alone is not sufficient
(3) If either the statement I alone or the statement II alone is sufficient to answer the question
(4) If you cannot get the answer from the statements I and II together, but need more data
(5) If both statements I and II together are needed to answer the question
23. What is Rajeev's position in a row of 12 children?
I. Manoj is fourth to the left of Ravi; Rajeev is seven to the right of Narendra.
II. Rajeev is fifth to the right of Ravi; Manoj is third the left at Narendra which is at one end.
24. Are some boys students?
I. Some students are teachers; All teachers are boys
II. Some teachers are students : All boys are teachers
25. Among M, N, O, P and R, P is taller than how many people?
I. O is taller than M but shorter than R, who is not taller than P.
II. N is not the tallest but is taller than O.

Directions (26 – 30) : In each of the following question a statement is given followed by two courses of action. A course of action is taken for improvement, follow-up, etc. Read the statement carefully and Give answer

- (1) If only course of action I follows
(2) If only course of action II follows
(3) If either course of action I or II follows
(4) If both courses of action I and II follow
(5) If neither course of action I nor II follows
26. **Statement:** Jaundice and typhoid are on the rise in ABC city.
Courses of action:
I. Government must increase medical facilities as soon as possible
II. Government must take steps to clean the city.
27. **Statement:** Three girls in a prestigious university campus were molested by a group of people.
Courses of action:
I. Police must catch them and put them behind bars.
II. The university authority should provide security on the campus for the safety of the students.
28. **Statement:** Fake currency is being supplied to India through the bus service that comes from Pakistan
Courses of action:
I. Indian Government should stop this bus service.
II. Indian police should check the bus properly and keep proper vigilance in the bus.
29. **Statement:** In a 'No Tobacco Day' function, it was observed that the number of smokers is increasing rapidly.
Courses of action:
I. Government should highlight through media the harms due to tobacco.
II. Government should ban smoking.
30. **Statement:** Primary teachers are on indefinite strike
Courses of action:
I. Alternative arrangement should be made with teachers on daily wages
II. Government should meet the demands of the teachers.

Directions (31 – 35) : Read the following informations and answer the questions given below.

- I. There are six neighbours – Mr Sharma, Mr Tendulkar, Mr Dravid, Mr Prasad, Mr Johar and Mr Aiyar living in a triple-storey building with six flats.
II. Those who have four or more children occupy the top floor
III. The lawyer has a Kelvinator fridge while the CA has Godrej.
IV. The ground floor occupants have a cheerful disposition.
V. Mr Tendulkar, a cricketer, has three children
VI. Mr Dravid, an unmarried man, occupies the middle floor
VII. Mr Johar and Mr Aiyar have gloomy dispositions while the rest are cheerful.
VIII. Mr Prasad, a middle floor occupant, owns a Voltas fridge,
IX. One of the neighbours having two children each, owns a Videocon fridge and is a journalist.
X. Two neighbours, of whom one is a teacher, do not own a fridge.
31. Which fridge does Mr Dravid own?
(1) Godrej (2) Kelvinator (3) Godrej or Kelvinator (4) No fridge (5) None of the above
32. Which is Mr Prasad's profession?
(1) Teacher (2) Lawyer (3) Journalist (4) CA (5) Can't be determined

33. Who among the following occupies the top floor?
 (1) Mr Sharma (2) Mr Johar (3) Mr Dravid (4) Mr Prasad (5) None of these
34. How many children does Mr Sharma have?
 (1) None (2) One (3) Two (4) Three (5) None of these
35. What is the least number of children possible in the entire building?
 (1) 9 (2) 12 (3) 15 (4) 18 (5) Can't be determined

Directions (36 – 40) : Read the following information carefully and answer the questions given below.

- I. 12 friends A, B, C, D, P, Q, R, S, W, X, Y and Z are sitting in a row facing to the East.
 II. X is third to the left of P, who is sixth to the right of A.
 III. R is fourth to the right of Z, who is not near to C
 IV. B is fifth to the right end and S is second left of D
 V. W and Q are not near to P, who is second to the right of B.
 VI. There are two friends between C and Y, who is not near to X.

36. Who are sitting at the end of the row?
 (1) Z and W (2) W and Q (3) Q and Z (4) Can't be determined
 (5) None of these
37. What is the position of A in respect of S?
 (1) immediate right (2) third right (3) fourth left (4) second right (5) fifth left
38. Who is sitting third to the right of R?
 (1) B (2) S (3) Y (4) B or S (5) B or Y
39. Which two friends are sitting near to D?
 (1) A and R (2) Z and A (3) P and Q (4) A and C (5) Can't be determined
40. Which of the following is true?
 (1) Five friends are sitting between Z and B (2) R and X are sitting in the middle of the row
 (3) D is sitting fifth to the left of B (4) Only one friend is sitting between Y and Z
 (5) More than one of the above are true

Directions (41 – 45) : Each question consists of three/four statements followed by four/five conclusions. Consider the given statements to be true even if they seem to be at variance with commonly known facts. Read all the conclusions and then decide which of the given conclusions does not logically follow from the given statements using all statements together.

41. **Statements :**

All Singham are Swadesh
 All Swadesh are Sarfarosh

All Sultan are Swadesh
 Some Sarfarosh are not Sirf Tum

Conclusions:

- I. All Singham being Sultan is a possibility II. Some Singham which are Sarfarosh also a part of Sultan
 III. Some Sarfarosh are not Sultan is a possibility IV. Some Sultan are not Sirf Tum
 V. More than one of the above
 (1) Only I and II do not follow (2) Only V
 (3) Only III and IV do not follow (4) All follow except III
 (5) Only III and I do not follow

42. **Statements:**

All Arjun are Aman.
 Some Amit are Ankit.

All Amit are Aman.

Conclusions:

- I. No Arjun is Amit. II. Some Aman being Ankit is a possibility.
 III. Some Aman are Arjun . IV. Some Aman are Amit.
 (1) Only I & III do not follow (2) Only II does not follow
 (3) All follow except IV (4) Only II & I do not follow
 (5) All follow except I

43. **Statements :**

All Avengers are Anaconda
 Some Anaconda are not aliens

No Apollo 18 is Avengers

Conclusions:

- I. All aliens can never be Apollo 18s II. Some Anaconda are not Apollo 18s
 III. Some aliens may be a part of Avengers IV. No Apollo 18 is aliens is a possibility
 V. All Apollo 18s being a part of Anaconda is a possibility
 (1) Only III and II do not follow (2) Only I and III do not follow
 (3) All follow except I (4) Only V and II do not follow
 (5) All follow except III

44. **Statements :**

Some dates are days
 No year is decade

All days are years
 All years are centuries

Conclusions:

I. All centuries being dates is a possibility II. Some decades are not days

III. At least some centuries are dates IV. No decade is date

V. All decades being centuries is a possibility

(1) Only II and I do not follow

(2) Only I and IV do not follow

(3) Only IV and I do not follow

(4) Only II and III do not follow

(5) All follow except III

45. **Statements:**

Some Red are green

All greens are plum.

No plum is an orchid.

Conclusions:

I. Some orchids are not Red.

II. All Red being plum is a possibility.

III. At least some orchids are plum.

IV. All green can be plum.

(1) II & IV do not follow (2) I & IV do not follow (3) I & III do not follow (4) II & III do not follow

(5) None of these

Directions (46 – 50) : Study the information carefully and answer the following questions:

M, N, O, P, Q, R, S and T eight family members are sitting around a circular table, not necessarily in the same order. Four of them are facing inside and others are facing outside. They like different movies viz – Hamlet, Hangover, Happy Feet, Hard Times, Harry Brown, Heaven, Hellboy and Hard Luck, but not necessarily in the same order. R faces the Centre and sits third to the right of O. P likes Happy Feet movie and faces the person who likes Heaven movie. S sits third to the right of N who likes Hamlet movie. The persons who like Hard Times and Harry Brown are facing to the same direction (inside or outside). Q is sitting between the person who like Happy Feet and the one who likes Hard Luck NArespectively. M likes Harry Brown and O likes Hangover. The person who likes Hellboy is facing outward and is an immediate neighbour of the person who likes Hard Luck. T is immediate neighbor of the persons who likes Harry Brown and Hellboy. Q is immediate left of P.

46. Who among the following are the immediate neighbors of R?

(1) N and O

(2) Q and P

(3) T and N

(4) S and Q

(5) P and R

47. Which of the following combination is true?

(1) M – Hamlet

(2) T – Heaven

(3) P – Hard Times

(4) R – Hard Times

(5) S – Hangover

48. What is the Position of N with respect to Q?

(1) Third to the right

(2) Fourth to the left

(3) Fifth to the right

(4) Second to the right

(5) Third to the left

49. If P and T interchange their positions and similarly R and O interchange their positions then what is the position of M with respect to O?

(1) Third to the left

(2) Third to the right

(3) Second to the left

(4) Immediate left (5) none of these

50. Who likes the movie Heaven?

(1) M

(2) P

(3) T

(4) S

(5) Q

TEST - II: QUANTITATIVE**Directions (51 – 55) : What should come in place of question mark (?) in the following questions?**

51.

(1) 0.5

(2) 1.5

(3) 0.2

(4) 2.4

(5) None of these

52.

(1) 262.5

(2) 255

(3) 263.5

(4) 271.25

(5) None of the above

53.

(1) 122

(2) 132

(3) 128

(4) 124

(5) None of These

54.

3.2% of 500 2.4% of ? = 288

(1) 650

(2) 700

(3) 600

(4) 750

(5) None of these

55.

(1) 32697

(2) 36297

(3) 32679

(4) 39267

(5) None of these

Directions (56 – 60) : What should come in place of question mark (?) in the following questions? Note You are not expected to calculate the exact value.

56.

(1) 1426

(2) 1558

(3) 1646

(4) 1748

(5) 1812

57.

(1) 645000

(2) 644600

(3) 645400

(4) 645800

(5) 646200

58.

(1) 688

(2) 674

(3) 700

(4) 695

(5) 706

59.

60. (1) 4.50 (2) 10.65 (3) 2.55 (4) 8.75 (5) 6.25
 (1) 19 (2) 10 (3) 16 (4) 7 (5) 13

Directions (61 – 65) : What should come in place of question mark (?) in the following questions?

61. 45, 43, 83, 245, 975, 4869, ?
 (1) 29214 (2) 24501 (3) 19476 (4) 29207
 (5) 30058
62. 289, 303, 324, 352, 387, 429, ?
 (1) 478 (2) 508 (3) 487 (4) 558 (5) 473
63. 16, 24, 36, 54, 81, 121.5, ?
 (1) 200 (2) 195.75 (3) 182.25 (4) 150.5 (5) 170.25
64. 31, 34, 71, 216, 867, 4338, ?
 (1) 26028 (2) 26031 (3) 21690 (4) 23150
 (5) 23432
65. 16, 16, 40, 140, 840, 7980, ?
 (1) 163290 (2) 136290 (3) 132690 (4) 126390 (5) 123690

Directions (66 – 70) : Study the table given below and answer the following questions.

Number of Buildings Constructed in Various Towns in a State over the Years

Years Towns	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012
A	1500	1580	1610	1636	1650	1660	1700
B	1250	1284	1320	1335	1396	1400	1450
C	1480	1500	1545	1550	1596	1600	1634
D	1724	1750	1800	1820	1832	1880	1896
E	1020	1050	1100	1115	1160	1175	1190
F	1136	1190	1230	1240	1265	1280	1294

66. The total number of buildings constructed across the State in the year 2006 are approximately what per cent of the total number of buildings constructed across the State in the year 2012?
 (1) 79 (2) 74 (3) 96 (4) 88 (5) 81
67. What is the difference between the total number of buildings constructed in the year 2009 and the year 2011 across the towns?
 (1) 299 (2) 302 (3) 96 (4) 203 (5) None of these
68. What is the total number of buildings constructed across the State over the years?
 (1) 60990 (2) 65100 (3) 60823 (4) 58996 (5) None of these
69. What is the per cent increase in the number of buildings constructed in Town C in the year 2008 from the previous year?
 (1) 2 (2) 3 (3) 6 (4) 5 (5) None of these
70. What is the respective ratio of the total number of buildings constructed in Town E to the total number of buildings constructed in Town F over the years?
 (1) 146 : 153 (2) 157 : 161 (3) 146 : 157 (4) 153 : 161 (5) None of these
71. The ages of Ranjana and Rakhi are in the ratio of 15 : 17 respectively. After 6 yr the ratio of their ages will be 9 : 10. What will be the age of Ranjana after 6 yr?
 (1) 40 yr (2) 30 yr (3) 34 yr (4) 36 yr
 (5) None of these
72. The simple interest accrued on an amount of Rs. 17000 at the end of four years is Rs. 6800. What would be the compound interest accrued on the same amount at the same rate in the same period?
 (1) Rs. 7889.7 (2) Rs. 8324 (3) Rs. 6990.5 (4) Can't be determined
 (5) None of these
73. In a class of 80 students and 5 teachers, each student got sweets that are 15% of the total number of students and each teacher got sweets that are 25% of the total number of students. How many sweets were there?
 (1) 1030 (2) 1040 (3) 1050 (4) 1060 (5) None of these
74. Bhawna decided to donate 12% of her salary to an Orphanage. On the day of donation she changed her mind and donated Rs. 2400 which was 125% of what she had decided earlier. How much is Bhawna's salary?
 (1) Rs. 14750 (2) Rs. 16000 (3) Rs. 18500 (4) Can't be determined
 (5) None of these
75. Gaurav spent Rs. 38460 on the renovation of his home. Rs. 24468 on buying home theater and the remaining 28% of the total amount he had as cash with him. What was the total amount?
 (1) Rs. 92600 (2) Rs. 76500 (3) Rs. 87400 (4) Can't be determined
 (5) None of these
76. 60 men consume 280 kg of rice in 14 days. In how many days will 30 men consume 120 kg of rice?
 (1) 8 days (2) 12 days (3) 7 days (4) 9 days (5) None of these
77. A mixture contains milk and water in the ratio of 4 : 3 respectively. If 6 L of water is added to this mixture, the respective ratio of milk and water becomes 8 : 7. What is the quantity of milk in the original mixture?
 (1) 96 L (2) 36 L (3) 84 L (4) 48 L (5) None of these

78. A school bus covers a distance from a village to school at the speed of 12 km / h and reaches the school 8 min late. The next day the bus covers the same distance at the speed of 20 km / h and reaches the school 10 min early. What is the distance between the village and the school?
 (1) 15 km (2) 6 km (3) 9 km (4) 12 km (5) None of these
79. Rohit purchased 52 stamps of 25 paise and 50 paise. The total amount he spent on stamps was Rs. 22.25. How much amount did Rohit spend on the 50 paise stamps?
 (1) Rs. 12.5 (2) Rs. 14 (3) Rs. 18 (4) Can't be determined (5) None of these
80. Sheena, Meena and Reena invest amounts of Rs. 63000, Rs. 56000 and Rs. 84000 respectively to start a business. At the end of the year the profit is distributed in the ratio of their investments. If Reena's share of profit is Rs. 54000, what is the total profit earned?
 (1) Rs. 130500 (2) Rs. 145000 (3) Rs. 135030 (4) Can't be determined (5) None of these

Directions (81 – 85) : Study the graph given below and answer the following questions.

81. What is the respective ratio of the total number of passengers travelling by Airline P to the total number of passengers travelling by Airline S during the Span of three months?
 (1) 13 : 15 (2) 4 : 5 (3) 6 : 7 (4) 12 : 13 (5) None of these
82. Which of the following airlines has the least number of passengers in the Span of three months?
 (1) P (2) Q (3) R (4) S (5) T
83. The number of passengers travelling by Airline R in the month of December are approximately, what per cent of the passengers travelling by other airlines in the same month?
 (1) 42 (2) 30 (3) 18 (4) 36 (5) 25
84. What is the total number of passengers travelling by various airlines in the Span of three months?
 (1) 460000 (2) 540000 (3) 380000 (4) 520000 (5) None of these
85. What is the difference between the average number of passengers travelling in the month of November and the average number of passengers travelling in the month of January by all the airlines together?
 (1) 6000 (2) 5800 (3) 5500 (4) 4800 (5) None of these

Directions (86 – 90) : Study the graph carefully to answer the questions that follow

86. What was the per cent increase in profit of Company Y in the year 2010 from the previous year?
 (1) 2 (2) 10 (3) 20 (4) 15 (5) None of these
87. What was the approximate per cent increase in per cent increase of profit of Company Z in the year 2007 from the previous year?
 (1) 14 (2) 21 (3) 8 (4) 26 (5) 19
88. If the profit earned by Company X in the year 2006 was Rs. 265000, what was its profit in the year 2008?
 (1) 621560 (2) Rs. 468290 (3) Rs. 705211 (4) Rs. 500850 (5) None of the above
89. What is the average per cent increase in profit of Company Z over the years?
 (1) (2) (3) (4) (5) None of these
90. Which of the following statements is true with respect to the graph?
 (1) Company X incurred a loss in the year 2006
 (2) The amount of profit earned by Company Y in the years 2008 and 2009 is the same
 (3) Company Z earned the highest profit in the year 2010 as compared to the other years
 (4) Profit earned by Company X in the year 2006 is lesser than the profit earned by Company Z in that year
 (5) None of the above

Directions (91 – 95) : Study the graph carefully to answer the questions that follow

Number of Girls Enrolled in Different Hobby Classes in Various Institutes in a Year

91. What is the respective ratio of total number of girls enrolled in Painting in the Institutes A and C together to those enrolled in Stitching in the Institutes D and E together?
 (1) 5 : 4 (2) 5 : 7 (3) 16 : 23 (4) 9 : 8 (5) None of these
92. Number of girls enrolled in Stitching in Institute B forms approximately what per cent of the total number of girls enrolled in Stitching in all the Institutes together?
 (1) 29 (2) 21 (3) 33 (4) 37 (5) 45
93. What is the respective ratio of total number of girls enrolled in Painting, Stitching and Dancing from all the Institutes together?
 (1) 44 : 48 : 47 (2) 43 : 47 : 48 (3) 44 : 47 : 48 (4) 47 : 48 : 44 (5) None of the above
94. Number of girls enrolled in Dancing in Institute A forms what per cent of total number of girls enrolled in all the Hobby classes together in that Institute ? (Rounded off to two digits after decimal)
 (1) 23.87 (2) 17.76 (3) 31.23 (4) 33.97 (5) 20.69

95. What is the total number of girls enrolled in Painting from all the Institutes together?
 (1) 1150 (2) 1200 (3) 1275 (4) 1100 (5) None of these

Directions (96 – 100) : Study the following table carefully to answer the questions that follow

Number of Boys and Girls in Five Streams of a College Over the Years
Stream

Year	Arts		Science		Commerce		Management		IT	
	Boys	Girls	Boys	Girls	Boys	Girls	Boys	Girls	Boys	Girls
2002	556	414	619	505	668	612	770	633	670	515
2003	763	608	793	612	781	616	667	439	866	722
2004	672	519	540	516	859	713	778	727	781	619
2005	809	602	928	908	870	811	849	729	977	817
2006	745	510	884	820	967	819	562	938	990	808
2007	698	413	765	616	571	515	1288	1016	1151	1010

96. What is the total number of boys, for all the streams together, in the year 2004?
 (1) 4148 (2) 3630 (3) 4433 (4) 3247 (5) None of these
97. The number of boys in Arts stream in the year 2004 is approximately what per cent of the total number of boys for all the years together in Arts stream?
 (1) 27 (2) 34 (3) 08 (4) 39 (5) 16
98. What is the ratio of the total number of boys to the total number of girls, from all the streams together, for the year 2007?
 (1) 2 : 3 (2) 14 : 13 (3) 52 : 49 (4) 213 : 170 (5) None of these
99. What is the ratio of total number of boys to the total number of girls, in the Management stream for all the years together?
 (1) 9 : 8 (2) 71 : 86 (3) 91 : 83 (4) 27 : 23 (5) None of these
100. What is the average number of girls from Commerce stream for the given years?
 (1) 681 (2) 675 (3) 618 (4) 657 (5) None of these

TEST – III : GENERAL AWARENESS

101. Commercial banks provide locker facility to their customer for.....
 (1) Safe custody (2) Storing excess gold and valuables of banks
 (3) Filing important documents (4) Satisfying the bank's jewellery and gold needs.
 (5) All the above
102. Current deposits are also known as
 (1) Fixed deposits (2) Demand deposits (3) Time deposits (4) All the above (5) None of these
103. Identify the way(s) of bank lending
 (1) Cash credit (2) Overdraft facility (3) Bill discounting (4) Term loans (5) All the above
104. Which of the following system encourages the habit of thrift?
 (1) Savings account deposit (2) Fixed deposit (3) Economy deposit (4) Commercial deposit
 (5) None
105. The rate at which bank quote to their most credit worthy customers
 (1) Statutory liquidity rate (2) Fixed rate (3) Floating rate (4) Prime lending rate
 (5) None
106. Identify the corresponding banking services.
 (1) Cheque collection (2) Securities safe keeping and trading
 (3) Loan participating (4) Fund transfer
 (5) All the above
107. Local area banks are those which operates?
 (1) In a single branch or unit banks (2) In a city or town
 (3) In a specific metropolitan cities (4) In a couple of districts which are contiguous
 (5) None of these
108. Who are all cannot open a savings account in commercial banks?
 (1) Illiterate and blind persons (2) Legal business entity
 (3) Self helping groups (4) Hindu undivided family
 (5) None
109. Cash reserves include.....
 (1) Money market instruments (2) Cash
 (3) Treasury bills (4) All of these (5) None of these
110. An instrument which enables a account holder to draw money from his bank deposit account is known as
 (1) Cheque (2) Demand draft (3) Pay in slip (4) Challan (5) None
111. Identify the main and major source of income to bank from the following
 (1) Commission received by issuing demand drafts against money deposited.
 (2) QAB Charges.

- (3) The difference between the rate of interest allowed on deposits and the rate charged on the loans.
 (4) Charges collected on current account transactions.
 (5) None
112. Which are/ is the instruments used by central government to borrow money from RBI?
 (1) Treasury bills (2) Certificate of deposit (3) Commercial paper (4) Both 2 and 3 (5) None of these
113. Identify the odd from following negotiable instrument.
 (1) Cheque (2) Bank draft (3) Bill of exchange (4) Fixed deposit (5)
- Promissory notes
114. Public sector banks are owned by
 (1) Wholly by government of India
 (2) Government of India and with minor share of RBI
 (3) Government of India with major share and along with general public share holders
 (4) Only RBI
 (5) None of these
115. The act that helps banks in their day to day banking activities is
 (1) Negotiable instrument act (2) Service sector act
 (3) RBI act (4) Banking act (5) None
116. Which is the largest commercial bank in India?
 (1) PNB (2) ICICI Bank (3) SBI (4) HDFC Bank (5) RBI
117. What is an unconditional order in writing be drawn by a customer on his bank?
 (1) Cheque (2) Complaint (3) Draft (4) Bank note (5) All the above
118. Which bank says that our bank is 'India's international bank'
 (1) ICICI Bank (2) Bank of Baroda (3) SBI (4) HDFC Bank (5) RBI
119. Indian rupee is also known as.....
 (1) Standard token coin (2) Nickel coin (3) Silver or gold coin (4) Token coin (5) None of these
120. The ultimate controller of rules of bank deposits is...
 (1) SBI (2) Finance Secretary (3) Ministry of finance (4) Controller of Deposits
 (5) RBI
121. a bank conducts government business as an agent of
 (1) Reserve Bank of India (2) Government of India (3) President of India (4) State Government concerned
 (5) None of these
122. A back-to-back letter of credit is
 (1) An import letter of credit backed by inland letter of credit
 (2) An inland letter of credit backed by a foreign export letter of credit
 (3) A foreign import letter of credite supported by ah inland
 (4) Either (2) or (3)
 (5) None of these
123. Every year which day is celebrated all over the world as "World Homeopathy Day" as a tribute to the founder and father of Homeopathy Dr. Friedrich Samuel Hahnemann?
 (1) 01 Apr (2) 02 Apr (3) 06 Apr (4) 08 Apr (5) 10 Apr
124. Many times we hear about the "Banking Ombudsman". What is/are the major roles of the same?
 (A) Banking Ombudsman is a quasi judicial authority having powers to summon the banks and customers both in case of dispute.
 (B) The Banking Ombudsmen are appointed by the president of India and are retired judges of the high or supreme courts.
 (C) The decisions/judgments given by the Banking Ombudsman cannot be taken to any court of justice. As their decisions are last in case of bank related problems/disputes
 (1) Only A (2) Only B (3) Only C (4) All A, B & C (5) None of these
125. Which of the following is the statistical indicator for equality in income distribution?
 (1) Gini coefficient (2) Price indices (3) GNP (4) GDP (5) None of these
126. As reported in various newspapers, the RBI is planning to allow more and more banks to function as "local area banks". This will help RBI in the implementation of which of the following of implants/drives?
 (A) Financial inclusion (B) Rural Banking (C) Mobile and e-banking
 (1) Only A (2) Only B (3) Only C (4) Only A and B (5) None of these
127. The govt has reduced the number of centrally sponsored schemes (CSS) from 66 to ____ umbrella schemes.
 (1) 28 (2) 32 (3) 36 (4) 39 (5) 42
128. Which of the following initiatives is/are taken by the govt. of Indian to boost the development of agriculture?
 (A) Accelerated Irrigation benefit programme (B) Fertiliser Subsidy Scheme
 (C) Public Distribution System (PDS)
 (1) Only A (2) Only B (3) Only C (4) Only A and B (5) A11A, B & C
129. The Monetary Policy Committee (MPC) of the RBI announced the first monetary policy review of FY18 on 6 Apr. What is the new Reverse Repo rate after the review?
 (1) 6 per cent (2) 6.25 per cent (3) 6.50 per cent (4) 6.75 per cent (5) 7 per cent

130. The symbol of RBI is
 (1) Capital of Ashokan Pillar (2) Kuber with a purse of money
 (3) Tiger before a palm tree (4) A dog sitting in a defensive state
 (5) None of these
131. Lenin Moreno won the recent Presidential elections in which of the following countries?
 (1) Ecuador (2) Estonia (3) Paraguay (4) Peru (5) Tasmania
132. In which state is the pasighat airfield located?
 (1) Punjab (2) West Bengal (3) Arunachal Pradesh (4) Sikkim (5) Jammu
 Kashmir
133. What is India's ranking on the doping violation report published by the World Anti-Doping Agency (WADA) for 2015?
 (1) Second (2) Third (3) Fourth (4) Seventh (5) Ninth
134. Virbhadra Singh and his wife have been charge-sheeted by the CBI in a special court in a disproportionate assets case. Virbhadra is the present Chief Minister of
 (1) Himachal Pradesh (2) Chhattisgarh (3) Haryana (4) Odisha (5) Uttarakhand
135. The former High Court judge Justice P Vishwanath Shetty was administered the oath of Lokayukta office by governor Vajubhai R Vala recently in
 (1) Karnataka (2) Tamil Nadu (3) Andhra Pradesh (4) Telangana (5) Odisha
136. _____ has been inducted into the international advisory board of global think-tank the Atlantic Council.
 (1) Sunil Mittal (2) Ratan Tata (3) Gautam Adani (4) Anil Ambani (5) KM
- Birla
137. Vijaya bank's headquarters is located in
 (1) Chennai (2) Mumbai (3) New Delhi (4) Kochi (5)
- Bengaluru
138. Shaun Tait has announced his retirement from international cricket. Tait is a fast bowler who has been playing for
 (1) South Africa (2) Australia (3) England (4) New Zealand (5) West Indies
139. The RBI recently allowed banks to invest in InvITs. The term InvIT stands for
 (1) Infrastructure Innovation Trust (2) Infrastructure Initiative Trust
 (3) Infrastructure Improvement Trust (4) Infrastructure Investment Trust
 (5) None of these
140. Bhimaraya Metri took over as Director of which of the following IIMs recently?
 (1) IIM Trichy (2) IIM Bangalore (3) IIM Lucknow (4) IIM Calcutta (5) IIM Ahmedabad
141. Joyciline Jepkosgei, who broke three world records at the Sportisimo Prague Half Marathon, recently, is from
 (1) Kenya (2) Jordan (3) Jamaica (4) Zambia (5) Nigeria
142. India recently signed first loan agreement with the New Development Bank for US\$ 350 mn for development and up-gradation of major district roads project in
 (1) Uttar Pradesh (2) Madhya Pradesh (3) Andhra Pradesh (4) Haryana (5) Punjab
143. Which bank recently announced that it is introducing a range of gender neutral titles (Mx, Ind, M, Mre, Msr, Myr, Pr, Sai, Ser and Misc) for transgender and others customers who do not identify as male or female?
 (1) CITI Bank (2) Standard Chartered (3) Barclays (4) HSBC (5) Morgan
- Stanley
144. The Public Sector Day is observed every year on which date?
 (1) 01 Apr (2) 10 Apr (3) 15 Apr (4) 25 Apr (5) 30 Apr
145. _____ is set to become the United Nations' youngest-ever "Messenger of Peace" as announced by the UN Secretary-General Antonio Guterres.
 (1) Prince Harry (2) Emma Watson (3) Malala Yousafzai (4) Taylor Swift (5) None of these
146. Asia Index is a joint venture between S & P Dow Jones Indices and
 (1) HKSE (2) JEG (3) OMXNE (4) BSE (5) KE
147. The naval aircraft - TU-142 M long-range maritime patrol aircraft – was recently handed over to which state govt to be converted into a museum?
 (1) Tamil Nadu (2) Kerala (3) Maharashtra (4) Goa (5) Andhra Pradesh
148. The Union Cabinet recently apprised of the MoU with Ferrovie Dello Stato Italiane SPA of Italy on Technical Cooperation in the Rail Sector. The currency of Italy is
 (1) Euro (2) Pound (3) Lek (4) Manat (5)
- Ngultrum
149. The former Indian Naval officer Kulbhushan Jadhav was awarded death sentence in which of the following countries recently?
 (1) Pakistan (2) Malaysia (3) Indonesia (4) Maldives (5) Kenya
150. At least 31 people died in Egypt after blasts targeted Coptic Christians on Palm Sunday in various cities. The capital of Egypt is
 (1) Manama (2) Baku (3) Ankara (4) Cairo (5) Tbilisi

Directions (151 – 160) : Read each sentence to find out whether there is any grammatical error, in it. The error if any will be in one part of the sentence, the number of that part will be the answer. If there is no error, the answer is (5) i.e., 'No error'. (Ignore the errors of punctuation, if any)

151. I may go to the (1)/ swimming class tomorrow(2)/ If I have recovered (3)/ from the cold.(4)/ No error (5)
152. The prime minister announced (1)/ that the taxes will be (2)/ increasing from the (3)/beginning of next year. (4)/ No error(5)
153. He is the most (1)/ intelligent and also (2)/ the very talented (3)/ student of the college. (4)/ No error (5)
154. She immediately quit (1)/ the job in which (2)/ neither the skill nor (3)/ knowledge were required. (4)/ No error (5)
155. The meteorological department (1)/ predicted that the (2)/ rains and thunderstorm may (3)/ continue throughout today. (4)/ No error(5)
156. The cruel king believed (1)/ in punishing the prisoners (2)/ until they did not (3)/ confessed their crime. (4)/ No error (5)
157. As soon as the CEO (1)/ entered the office, the (2)/ union leaders approached him (3)/ and report the matter to him. (4)/ No error(5)
158. Instead of being a clear winner (1)/ he was not given (2)/ the best employee (3)/ of the year award. (4)/ No error (5)
159. Having been found (1)/ guilty of the theft (2)/ Sunny was sentenced (3)/ to five year's imprisonment. (4)/ No error (5)
160. Instead of laying off (1)/ the workers, the company (2)/ decided to ask them (3)/ to avail voluntary retirement. (4)/ No error (5)

Directions (161 – 170) : Which of the phrases (1), (2), (3) and (4) given below should replace the phrase given in bold in the following sentence to make the sentence grammatically correct. If the sentence is correct as it is and 'No correction is required', mark (5) as the answer.

161. The executive had received several warnings **before been suspended** finally for his lack of punctuality.
(1) after suspension (2) after suspending (3) before suspended (4) before being suspended
(5) No correction required
162. **Accordingly** to the senior partner's instructions, they have remitted the amount to your bankers.
(1) According on (2) On accord of (3) In accordance with (4) Accordingly as
(5) No correction required
163. The museum **has planned** for a ten day exhibition showcasing the rich culture of the south.
(1) plan for (2) has been planning (3) planning on (4) have a plan
(5) No correction required
164. Since the collapse of his business he has become **frequent depressed and addicted to** alcohol.
(1) frequent depression and addicted for (2) frequently depress and addict to
(3) frequently depressing and addicted on (4) frequently depressed and addicted to
(5) No correction required
165. The government will refrain from intervening **in the dispute except** the company requests it to do so.
(1) with the dispute except (2) in the dispute unless (3) to the dispute excepting (4) in the dispute without
(5) No correction required
166. The issue of employee pension schemes **will come to** the Governing Board meeting next week.
(1) shall come about in (2) will come before (3) will come up at (4) shall come to
(5) No correction required
167. The steep rise in oil prices is **the reason on account of which** we must conserve energy.
(1) the reason (2) the reason for (3) the reason because (4) the reason to
(5) No correction required
168. Several customers have requested that the branch timings on weekdays **should be changed** to reduce inconvenience.
(1) is changed (2) have changed (3) shall change (4) can change
(5) No correction required
169. Having failed to plan their political campaign in advance the party members **got each other** into a mess.
(1) get one another (2) got themselves (3) have got anyone (4) has got everyone
(5) No correction required
170. Despite his youth, he has the reputation of being one **of the most efficient** administrators in the organization.
(1) from the efficient (2) off the more efficient (3) of the efficient in (4) among the most efficiently of
(5) No correction required

Directions (171 – 180) : In the following passage, there are blanks, each of which has been numbered. These numbers are printed below the passage and against each five words are suggested, one of which fits the blank appropriately. Find out the appropriate word in each case.

To appreciate the future (171) for Indo-China relations, it is essential to have an understanding of (172) China has managed external relations in the neighbourhood and with the advanced countries to (173) her impressive economic growth. Given the need for massive foreign investments, technologies and management skills and China's significant (174) on foreign trade in its overall economy, on present trends it would appear that China will not act as a destabilizer of the international system as is often (175) . with provincial decentralization, where provinces can freely engage in foreign trade and (176) investments, the stakes in the continuation of stable external relations have become larger and more diffused. China (177) cross-border trade relations with all her neighbours with very few (178). As much as China (179) an open international economy for her trade as for her (180) foreign investments, China will also be subjected to the external constraints of emerging international regimes.

171. (1) predictions (2) tactics (3) trends (4) perspectives (5) incidents

- | | | | | | |
|------------|----------------|-------------------|-----------------|----------------|-----------------|
| 172. | (1) what | (2) how | (3) when | (4) whether | (5) where |
| 173. | (1) emphasize | (2) resist | (3) assist | (4) retard | (5) diminish |
| 174. | (1) insistence | (2) monitoring | (3) development | (4) stress | (5) |
| dependence | | | | | |
| 175. | (1) feared | (2) insisted | (3) mentioned | (4) expected | (5) imagined |
| 176. | (1) diversify | (2) neutralize | (3) invite | (4) make | (5) |
| augment | | | | | |
| 177. | (1) manifests | (2) enjoys | (3) averts | (4) indulges | (5) discourages |
| 178. | (1) Practices | (2) adjustments | (3) examples | (4) exceptions | (5) nations |
| 179. | (1) needs | (2) implements | (3) encourages | (4) wants | (5) diversifies |
| 180. | (1) trivial | (2) insignificant | (3) permanent | (4) meagre | (5) |
| increasing | | | | | |

Directions (181 – 185) : Rearrange the following seven sentences (A), (B), (C), (D), (E), (F) and (G) in the proper sequence to form a meaningful paragraph, then answer the question given below.

- A. Vegetarian promotes a natural way of life. But despite the implicit message of universal love and non-violence it has not spread, as it should have. This may be because it usually is an inward looking habit and is best cultivated in the mind.
- B. Vegetarian foods provide an infinite variety of flavours whereas non-vegetarian foods have hardly any taste of their own. Infact, non-vegetarian foods have to be seasoned with ingredients from the vegetable kingdom to make them palatable.
- C. Leading a vegetarian way of life helps the animal kingdom to co-exist with man. The animals apply milk, manure and energy. This has been central to the Indian culture for thousands of years. A vegetarians, who use dairy products of the vegetable kingdom and lacto-ova – vegetarians. The last category includes eggs, in addition to dairy product.
- D. In most sports disciplines, vegetarians lead in endurance test, “you are what you eat” is an old saying and it is a fact that it is the food that makes the man. The food we eat its quality, quantity, its timing and combination is of utmost importance to healthy life.
- E. In the UK survey have shown that the medical bills of vegetarians are considerably lower than the non-vegetarians. Further, the premium rates of insurance in some categories are also lower than those of vegetarians.
- F. In India, a vegetarian is usually a lacto vegetarian. In the Western world vegetarian are sub-divided as vegans (pure vegetarians who do not take any food coming from animal kingdom), lacto vegetarians, who use dairy products of the vegetable kingdom and lacto-ova-vegetarians. The last category includes eggs, in addition to dairy, products.
- G. It is significant to note that in the USA nearly 30 to 40 million people have adopted vegetarian in the last decade. More and more intellectualism the UK. German, France, Switzerland, Italy, Israel, Mexico, Russian and its former allies are gradually turning to vegetarian diet not only on ethical and humanitarian grounds but also for health and ecological reasons.
181. Which of the following should be the **FIRST** sentence after rearrangements?
 (1) E (2) B (3) G (4) A (5) C
182. Which of the following should be the **SEVENTH (LAST)** sentence after rearrangements?
 (1) A (2) E (3) C (4) F (5) G
183. Which of the following should be the **FIFTH** sentence after rearrangements?
 (1) A (2) D (3) C (4) G (5) F
184. Which of the following should be the **SECOND** sentence after rearrangements?
 (1) F (2) E (3) C (4) A (5) B
185. Which of the following should be the **THIRD** sentence after rearrangements?
 (1) B (2) G (3) C (4) A (5) F

Directions (186 – 193) : Read the following passage carefully and answer the questions given below it certain words have been printed in bold to help you to locate them while answering some of the questions.

The education sector in India is in ferment, hit by a storm long waiting to happen. The butterfly that flapped its wings was the much-reiterated statement in a much publicized report that hardly a fourth of graduating engineers and an even smaller percentage of other graduates, was of employable quality for IT – BPO Jobs. This **triggered a cyclone** when similar views were echoed by other sectors which led to widespread debate. Increased industry – academia interaction, “finishing schools”, and other efforts were initiated as immediate **measures to bridge** skill deficits. These, however, did not work as some felt that these are but band-aid solutions; instead, radical systemic reform is necessary.

Yet, there will be serious challenges to overdue reforms in the education system. In India – as in many countries, education is treated as a holy cow, sadly, the administrative system that oversees it has also been deceived. Today, unfortunately, there is no protest against selling drinking water or paying to be cured of illness or for having to buy food when one is poor and starving; nor is there an outcry that in all these cases there are ate commercial companies operating on a profit-making basis. Why, then, is there an instinctively adverse reaction to the formal entry of ‘for-profit’ institutes in the realm of education? Is potable water, health or food, less basic a need, less important a right, than higher education?

While there are strong arguments for free or subsidized higher education, **we are not writing on a blank page**. Some individuals and businessmen had entered this sector long back and found **devious** ways of making money, though the law stipulates that educational institutes must be ‘not-for profit’ trusts or societies. Yet, there is opposition to the entry of ‘for-profit’ cooperates, which would be more **transparent** and accountable. As a result, desperately needed investment in **promoting** the wider reach of quality education has been stagnated at a time when financial figures indicate that the allocation of funds for the purpose is but a fourth of the need.

Well ran corporate organizations, within an appropriate regulatory framework, would be far better than the so-called trusts which barring some **noteworthy** exceptions are a blot on education. However, it is not necessarily a question of choosing

one over the different organizational form scan co-exist, as they do in the health sector. A regulatory framework which creates competition, in tandem with a rating system, would automatically ensure the quality and relevance of education. As in sectors like telecom, and packaged goods, organizations will quickly expand into the hinterland to tap the large unmet demand. Easy loan scholarship arrangements would ensure affordability and access.

The only real structural reform in higher education was the creation of the institutes for technology and management. They were also given autonomy and freedom beyond that of the universities. However in the last few years, determined efforts have been underway to curb their autonomy. These institutes, however, need freedom to decide on recruitment, salaries and admissions, so as to compete globally.

However, such institutes will be few. Therefore, we need a regulatory framework that will enable and encourage States and the Centre, genuine philanthropists and also corporates to set up quality educational institutions. The regulatory system needs only to ensure transparency, accountability, competition and widely-available independent assessments or ratings. It is time for radical thinking, bold experimentation and new structures, it is time for the government to bite the bullet.

183. Why, according to the author, did the initiatives such as increased industry-academia and finishing schools did not help to bridge the skill deficit?
- A. These steps were only superficial remedies and the problem could be answered only by reforming the entire education system
B. These initiatives operated on a profit-making basis rather than aiming at any serious systemic reforms
C. The allocation of funds to such initiatives was only one-fourth of the need.
- (1) Only A (2) Only B (3) B and C (4) A and B (5) None of these
187. Which of the following suggestions have been made by the author to improve the state of education in India?
- A. Allowing the corporate organizations to enter the education sector
B. Easy availability of loans and scholarships for making education more affordable
C. A rating system for all the organizations to ensure quality.
- (1) Only A (2) A and B (3) A and C (4) All of these (5) None of these
188. According to the author, what '**triggered a cyclone**' which saw similar views on the state of education being echoed across other sectors as well?
- (1) The campaign for allowing corporates in the education sector on a 'for – profit' basis.
(2) The support for the increase in the industry- academia interaction
(3) The report mentioning that only a small percentage of graduates were employable in software industry.
(4) The report supporting the idea of making the education completely 'for-profit' in order to improve upon the standards.
(5) None of the above
189. Which argument does the author put forward when he compares the education sector with sectors catering to health and potable water, etc?
- (1) Education should also be provided free of cost to all as health services and water
(2) Taking an example from these sectors, there should be a protest against the commercialization of education as well
(3) Allowing corporate entry in education would result in rampant corruption as in the sectors of health and potable water etc
(4) As in these sectors, commercial organizations should also be allowed to enter the education sector
(5) None of the above
190. What does the author mean by the phrase '**we are not writing on a blank page**' in context of the passage?
- (1) Corporate would never enter education if they are forced to function on a non-profit making basis
(2) The commercialization of education has already started in India
(3) Education has been reduced to a profit making sector by some corporate organizations
(4) Government will not allow corporates to enter education as India can't afford to have costly-education
(5) None of the above
191. What is the author's main objective in writing the passage?
- (1) To suggest the ways to improve quality of education India
(2) To highlight the corruption present in the education sector
(3) To compare the education sector with other sectors
(4) To suggest some temporary solutions to the problems, in education
(5) None of the above
192. According to the author, which of the following was the only step taken in order to reform the higher education?
- (1) Allowing organizations to enter the education sector on a 'for-profit' basis
(2) Creation of autonomous institutes for management and technology which were not under university control
(3) Setting up the regulatory framework for all the existing universities
(4) Making the availability of educational loans and scholarships easier
(5) None of the above
193. Which suggestion does the author make in order to make the institutes of higher learning for technology and management capable of competing globally?
- (1) To limit their autonomy to acceptable limit and give partial controls to the government
(2) To allow corporate organizations to take them over in order to provide more funds
(3) To increase the allocation of funds to such institutes
(4) All of the above
(5) None of the above

Directions (194 – 200) : Read the following passage carefully and answer the questions given below it certain word have been printed in bold to help you to locate them while answering some of the questions.

Despite the economic crunch worldwide that saw pulverization of some of the largest banking and finance giants, Indian banking houses have managed to show positive **growth** this quarter. Some of India's leading national banks have posted a net profit rise of more than 40% over the last quarter amid global turmoil. This would come as a big **shot in the arm** for the investors and consumers of these banks even though apprehension is mounting on other banking and broking firms worldwide. One of the main reasons behind the success of these banks this quarter, would be their direct backing by the Government of India. People take solace in their investments in public sector watching the bailout packages being cashed out by governments all over the world to big business houses. Other private banks in India have also reported a substantial net profit over the last quarter. Given the international and domestic scenario, one cannot put this down as a mundane achievement. While others are on a cost-cutting spree and firing employees, Indian companies are actually working on boosting staffing in banking and broking sectors. This can be seen as a big boon in the days to come when the current recession eases and the economy gradually comes back on to the fast track. The finance minister has assured Indian public about the sound health of all Indian banks. This could also be evident from the fact that there have been no mergers and takeovers in Indian banking sector in a contract to world scenario where finance houses are looking for mergers to cut costs on operations. We definitely are not looking to thrive; rather we are looking for growth. It is just that the pace is a little slow now as compared to a year or two before. These are hard times to test the hard. The weak in business and career will be weeded out and it is sometimes very beneficial for business in the long run.

194. What, according to the author, is the reason for the success of Indian national banks in this quarter?
- (1) Indian national banks do not have any commitment in troubled foreign markets.
 - (2) These banks can never face financial crisis because of their sheer size.
 - (3) These banks are ready to give loans at a very low rate of interest.
 - (4) The public is ready to invest in these banks because of the knowledge that these banks get strong support from the Government
 - (5) None of the above
195. What does the phrase '**shot in the arm**' as used in the passage mean?
- (1) Shock
 - (2) Fear
 - (3) Encouragement
 - (4) Anxiety
 - (5) None of these
196. How, according to the author, is the current recession beneficial?
- (1) Worldwide companies have realized that India is a strong power to reckon with.
 - (2) India is surging ahead of the other Companies throughout the world
 - (3) After the recession is over international companies will turn to India for investment
 - (4) Recession is bringing down the prices of essential commodities
 - (5) None of the above
197. What, according to the author, will be a big boon in the days to come?
- (1) The economy coming back on the fast track
 - (2) The slowing down of the economy
 - (3) Increased hiring in Indian financial sector in times of economic slowdown
 - (4) The cost cutting carried out by all the companies
 - (5) None of the above
198. Which of the following statements is / are definitely true in the context of the passage?
- A. India has not been affected by the economic slowdown
 - B. Indian banks are showing growth in this quarter despite the recession
 - C. While banking industry in the West was severely affected by recession in the past, it is now gradually recovering and showing a positive growth.
- (1) Only A
 - (2) Only B
 - (3) Only C
 - (4) A and B
 - (5) B and C
199. Which of the following strengthens the finance Minister's statement about the sound health of Indian banks with respect to the passage?
- A. There have been no acquisitions and mergers of Indian banks
 - B. The Indian banks are recording a positive growth
 - C. Layoffs have been observed worldwide.
- (1) A and B
 - (2) A and C
 - (3) Only A
 - (4) Only B
 - (5) All of these
200. Which of the following is most similar in meaning to the word **growth** given in bold as used in the passage?
- (1) Development
 - (2) Promotions
 - (3) Decrease
 - (4) Downward
 - (5) Failure

BOB PO Test - Key

1 (5)	2 (4)	3 (2)	4 (5)	5 (3)	6 (3)	7 (3)	8 (2)	9 (4)	10 (1)
11 (4)	12 (5)	13 (1)	14 (4)	15 (2)	16 (4)	17 (5)	18 (2)	19 (5)	20 (1)
21 (5)	22 (5)	23 (5)	24 (1)	25(5)	26 (4)	27 (4)	28 (2)	29 (1)	30 (1)
31 (4)	32 (5)	33 (2)	34 (3)	35 (3)	36 (4)	37 (5)	38 (1)	39 (5)	40 (4)
41 (2)	42 (4)	43 (3)	44 (3)	45 (3)	46 (4)	47 (2)	48 (5)	49 (1)	50 (3)
51 (1)	52 (1)	53 (3)	54 (4)	55 (5)	56 (3)	57 (2)	58(4)	59 (5)	60 (2)
61 (4)	62 (1)	63 (3)	64 (2)	65 (5)	66 (4)	67 (1)	68 (3)	69 (2)	70 (5)
71 (4)	72 (1)	73 (4)	74 (2)	75 (3)	76 (2)	77 (4)	78 (3)	79 (5)	80 (1)
81 (4)	82 (5)	83 (2)	84 (1)	85(3)	86 (5)	87 (1)	88 (4)	89 (2)	90 (3)
91 (3)	92 (2)	93 (1)	94 (5)	95 (4)	96 (2)	97 (5)	98 (4)	99 (3)	100 (1)
101 (3)	102 (2)	103 (3)	104 (4)	105 (3)	106 (3)	107 (4)	108 (1)	109 (4)	110 (5)
111 (4)	112 (3)	113 (5)	114 (4)	115 (2)	116 (3)	117 (1)	118 (5)	119 (2)	120 (5)
121 (4)	122 (2)	123 (3)	124 (5)	125 (1)	126 (3)	127 (2)	128 (4)	129 (1)	130 (5)
131 (4)	132 (5)	133 (2)	134 (2)	135 (5)	136 (1)	137 (4)	138 (3)	139 (4)	140 (2)
141 (1)	142 (2)	143 (4)	144 (4)	145 (2)	146 (1)	147 (2)	148(2)	149 (3)	150 (1)
151 (1)	152 (2)	153 (5)	154 (1)	155 (4)	156 (5)	157 (4)	158 (2)	159 (1)	160 (1)
161 (3)	162 (1)	163 (4)	164 (3)	165 (1)	166 (3)	167 (1)	168 (2)	169 (1)	170 (5)
171 (1)	172 (5)	173 (2)	174 (1)	175 (1)	176 (1)	177 (1)	178 (5)	179 (1)	180 (3)
181 (1)	182 (3)	183 (2)	184 (1)	185 (1)	186 (4)	187 (5)	188 (2)	189 (4)	190 (1)
191 (1)	192 (2)	193 (4)	194 (2)	195 (3)	196 (4)	197 (5)	198 (1)	199 (1)	200 (4)

www.eenadupratibha.net

Bank of Baroda POs Grand Test

HINTS & SOLUTIONS

1 – 5. Here, the rule followed is
 Step I The first letter and the last letter of the word are interchanged, the middle letter remains as it is; similarly the digits of the number also get interchanged.

Step II The letters of the word get alphabetically arranged whereas the number gets reduced to one digit as of the digit – 1 sum.

Step III The vowel comes at the beginning, followed by alphabetically arranged letters, whereas numbers change, then form as $(x + 2)^2$. From this step onwards they get arranged in alphabetical and ascending order by exchanging the position with the replaced.

1. We can straight away go to step III from input by putting vowel first and then the letters and by summing the digits and then $(x + 2)^2$. So, step III is uct 16 amy 9 ips 36 ilt 100 ikn
2. We can't go backwards from Step IV.
3. RIN 81 TIN 49 NIT 69 CON 84 BON
 Step I NIR 18 NIT 94 TIN 96 NOC 48

NOB

Step II INR 9 INT 4 INT 6 CON 3 BON
 Step III INR 121 INT 36 INT 64 OCN 25

OBN

Step IV INR 25 INT 36 INTI 64 OBN 121

OCN

It is arranged in ascending order. It takes four

steps.

4. The last step is as above. This is no-where in the options. So None of the above.

5. Step I nwo 24 top 46 cot 81 pat 91 tap
 Input own 42 pot 64 toc 18 tap 19 pat

6-12.

Friends	Festivals	Months
Shyam Rajak	Sarhul,	... (i)
Ajay Tigga	Dipawali (x)	Oct, Jan (x)
		... (ii)
Nurullah Khan	DP/Id-ul-Fitar	... (iii)
	Dipawali	Oct / Nov ..
	Durga Puja	(iv)
	(DP)	Nov/ Oct ...
		(v)
Manoj Kacchap	Holi (x)	Jan ... (vi)
DK Ghosh	Durga Puja /	... (vii)
	Dipawali	
Vimal Jain	Dipawali /	...
	Durga Puja	(viii)
Nurullah Khan		Feb [using
		(vi)]
Ajay Tigga	Christmas	(ix)
	Dipawali	Mar (x) ... (x)
		Dec
		(xi)
		Nov ...
		(xii)
From (ii), (vi),		

(ix) and (x), we get, Ajay Tigga From (iii), (iv), (v) and (ix), we get, Nurulla Khan	Id-ul-Fitar	Nov/Dec (1) Feb (2)
From (iv), (v), (ix) and (xii) we get	Durga Puja Dipawali Christmas	Oct (3) Nov (4) Dec (5)
From (vii), (viii), (1), (4), and (5) we get, Ajay Tigga From (2), (6), (vii), (viii) and (vi), we get, Manoj Kacchap	Christmas Sarhul	Dec (6) Jan
From (vii), (viii), (3) and (4), we get DK Ghosh / Vimal Jain Vimal Jain / DK Ghosh Now, Shyam Rajak	Durga Puja Dipawali Holi	Oct Nov Mar

6. Shyam Rajak will take his leave in March
7. Ajay Tigga will take his leave on Christmas
8. Id-ul-Fitar will be celebrated in the month of February
9. Cannot be determined because in the question we have no information about it.
10. Manoj Kacchap will celebrate Sarhul
11. DK Ghosh will take his leave in some other day. So, no information about the leave taken by DK Ghosh.
12. None of the above is true.
13. I is true and the new entity will give a new shape to the performance of the Indian Railways. Hence, I is strong. II is not strong because the argument rambles into concerns other than corporatization.
14. I is not an argument. It defines superstition. Hence, I is not strong. II is not strong because it is obsessed with the wrong assumption that a belief which prevails in our society deeply needs no intervention of law.
15. Not all spurious drugs lead to mass murder. So, we cannot assume I to be true. Hence, I is weak. II is strong because death sentence is self-defeating. If one dies, how can one be reformed?
16. Both I and II are weak arguments. I merely mentions the two occasions when the donation was banned. It does not pinpoint the core issue. II merely mentions the year from when the

donation exists. I adds no argumentative substance in support of No.

17. I is strong because it will bring some reform in our society and help ensure justice for women. II is strong because it will ruin the cultural identity and abet disharmony in society.
18. Amit is a Teacher. Hence, option (2) is correct.
19. (3) and (4) option are the pair of the father-daughter.
20. Sudhakar, Monasi and Nidhi group is associated with all three generations.
21. Cannot be determined because we have no information in the given question
22. Only option (5) is true
23. Clearly both statement I and II together are needed to answer the question.
24. Clearly statement I alone is sufficient to answer the question.
25. Clearly both statement I and II together are needed to answer the question.
26. Both the actions can prevent the diseases from cropping up. Since medical facilities include doctors and medicines, it will help to cure the patients who are already suffering. While action II will stop spreading the diseases further.
27. Action I will deter the people who are in the habit of indulging in such activities. Action II will inculcated a sense of safety in the minds of the residents of the campus. Hence, both the actions follow.
28. Action I is not feasible because stopping the bus serviced can create problems for the innocent commuters. Action II can stop the transaction of fake currency and help in catching the culprits.
29. Smokers can be advised not to smoke by highlighting the harms but they can't be imposed upon.
30. Action I can help the students to pursue their course and their studies will not be affected. Action II cannot be followed because the Government cannot meet their demands if they are absurd.
- 31-35. According to the given data in the question we can create the following table.

Neighbour	No. of children	Profession	Floor	Fridge	Disposition
S	2	Jour	Ground	Videocon	Cheer
T	3	Cri	Ground	None	Cheer
D	0	Teach	Middle	None	Cheer
P	2	Middle	Middle	Voltas	Cheer
J	4+	Law or CA	Top	Kel/God	Gloomy
A	4+	Law or CA	Top	Kel/Gold	Gloomy

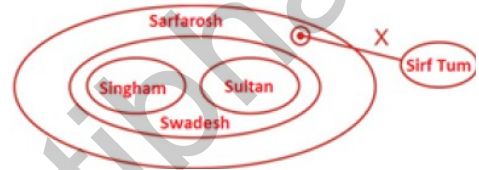
31. Mr Dravid have no own fridge. Hence, the option (4) is correct.
32. We cannot determine the profession of Mr Prasad.
33. Mr Johar and Mr Aiyar occupies the top floor. Hence, option (2) is correct.
34. Mr Sharma have two children. Hence, the option (3) is correct.
35. Least possible numbers of children in entire building is 15.

- 36 – 40.
- ___ Z
 - ___ W/Q
 - ___ Y
 - ___ A
 - ___ R

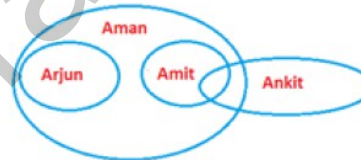
- ___ C
- ___ X
- ___ B
- ___ S
- ___ P
- ___ D
- ___ Q/W

36. Can't be determined
37. Fifth toward left in respect of S. Hence, the option (5) is correct
38. B is sitting third to the right of R. Hence, the option (1) is correct.
39. Can't be determined
40. Option (4) is correct because in the arrangement one friend is sitting between Y and Z clearly shown.

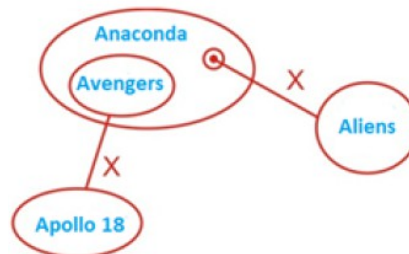
41.



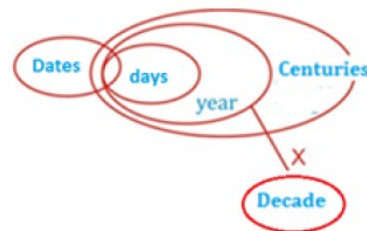
42.



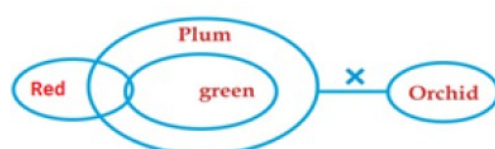
43.



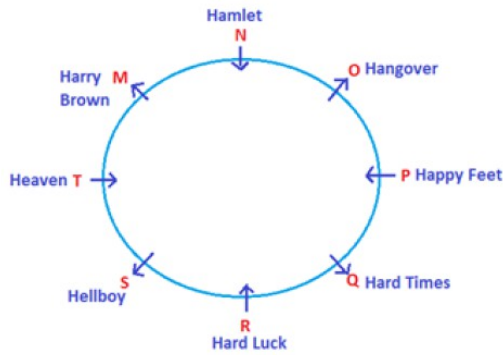
44.



45.



46-50



51. ? =

52.

53.

54.

55.

56. (approx..)

57. (approx..)

58.

(approx..)

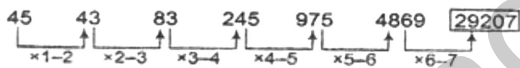
59.

(approx..)

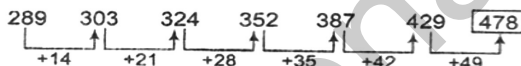
60.

= 10 (approx..)

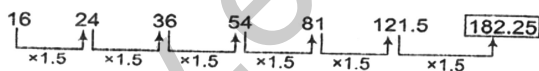
61.



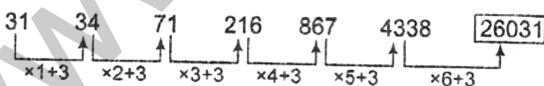
62.



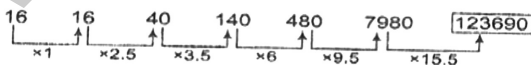
63.



64.



65.



66. Total number of buildings constructed across the state in the year 2006
 $= 1500 + 1250 + 1480 + 1724 + 1020 + 1136 = 8110$
 Total number of buildings constructed across the state in the year 2012

$1700 + 1450 + 1634 + 1896 + 1190 + 1294 = 9164$
 Required percentage =
 $= 88.4\% = 88\%$

67. Total number of buildings constructed in the year 2009
 $= 1636 + 1335 + 1550 + 1820 + 1115 + 1240 = 8696$
 Total number of buildings constructed in the year 2005
 $= 1660 + 1400 + 1600 + 1880 + 1175 + 1280 = 8995$

68. Required difference = $8995 - 8696 = 299$
 Total number of buildings constructed across the state over the years
 $= 8110 + 8354 + 8605 + 8696 + 8899 + 8995 + 9164 = 60823$

69. Total number of buildings constructed in town C in the year 2008 = 1545
 Total number of buildings constructed in town C in the year 2007 = 1500
 Required percentage increase =

70. Total number of buildings constructed in town E over the years = 7810
 Total number of buildings constructed in town F over the years = 8635
 Required ratio = $7810 : 8635 = 1562 : 1727 = 142 : 57$

71. Suppose the age of Ranjana and Rakhi is $15x$ yr and $17x$ yr.
 After 6 yr the age of Ranjana and Rakhi

$153x + 54 = 150x + 60$
 $153x - 150x = 60 - 54$
 So, the age of Ranjana after 6 yr
 $= 15 \times 2 + 6 = 30 + 6 = 36$ yr

72. R =
 CI =
 =
 =

73. Total number of sweets

$= 960 + 100 = 1060$

74. Suppose the salary of Bhawna was Rs. x.

75. Suppose total amount was Rs. x.

= Rs. 87400

76. 60 men consume 280 kg rice in 14 days.
 So, 1 man consumes 1 kg rice in = days
 30 men consume 120 kg rice in =
 = 12 days

77. Suppose the quantity of milk and water in the mixture is $4x$ and $3x$ L.

$28x = 24x + 48$
 $28x - 24x = 48$
 $4x = 48$

- $x = 12$
So, the quantity of milk =
78. Distance between school and village
= =
 $a = 12, b = 20, t_1 = 8$ and $t_2 = 10$
= = = 9 km.
79. Suppose x tickets purchased of 50 paise.
Number of tickets of 25 paise = $(52 - x)$
- $50x + 1300 - 25x = 2225$
 $25x = 925$
- Amount spend on 50 paise stamps
= Rs. 18.50
80. Capital ratio of Sheena, Meena and Reena
= 63000 : 56000 : 84000
= 9 : 8 : 12
Sum of ratio = $9 + 8 + 12 = 29$
Total acquired profit = Rs. 130500
81. Total number of passengers travel by Airline P in three month = $25 + 30 + 35 = 90$ thousand
Total number of passengers travel by Airline S in three month = $30 + 35 + 32.5 = 97.5$ thousand
Ratio = $90 : 97.5 = 900 : 975 = 12 : 13$
82. Total Number of passengers travel by Airline P in three month = $25 + 30 + 35 = 90$
Total Number of passengers travel by Airline Q in three month = $35 + 37.5 + 25 = 97.5$ thousand
Total Number of passengers travel by Airline R in three month = $22.5 + 40 + 27.5 = 90$ thousand
Total number of passengers travel by Airline S in three month = $30 + 35 + 32.5 = 97.5$ thousand
Total number of passengers travel by Airline T in three month = $17.5 + 30 + 37.5 = 85$ thousand
So, least number of passengers in Airline T.
83. Number of passengers travel by Airline R in December = 40 thousand
Total number of passengers travel by Airlines P, Q, S and T in December = 132.5 thousand
Approximate per cent of total = 30% (approx.)
84. Total number of passengers travel by all Airlines = $90 + 97.5 + 90 + 97.5 + 85 = 460$ thousand
85. Total number of passengers travel by all Airlines in November = 130 thousand
Average passengers travel by all Airlines in November = thousand
Total number of passengers travel by all Airlines in January = 157.5 thousand
Average = thousand
Difference = $31.5 - 26 = 5.5$ thousand = 5500
86. Percentage increase in profit of Company Y in 2010 from the previous year
= = 14.285%
87. Percentage increase in profit of Company Z in 2007 from the previous year
=
88. Profit earned by Company X in the years 2008
= = Rs. 500850
89. Total per cent increase in profit of Company Z
= $20 + 35 + 40 + 45 + 50 + 60 = 250$
Average percentage increase in profit of Company Z
90. Statement (3) is true
91. Total number of girls enrolled in Painting in the Institutes A and C together = $250 + 150 = 400$
Total number of girls enrolled in Stitching in the Institutes D and E together = $250 + 325 = 575$
Required ratio = $400 : 575 = 16 : 23$
92. Total number of girls enrolled in Stitching in all the institutes together
= $325 + 250 + 50 + 250 + 325 = 1200$
Number of girls enrolled in Stitching in Institute B = 250
Required percentage = = 20.8 21%
93. Number of girls from all institutes enrolled in Painting $250 + 225 + 150 + 175 + 300 = 1100$
Stitching 1200
Dancing $150 + 200 + 75 + 400 + 350 = 1175$
Required ratio
= $1100 : 1200 : 1175 = 44 : 48 : 47$
94. Total number of girls in the Institute
A = $250 + 325 + 150 = 725$
Number of girls enrolled in Dancing in the Institute A = 150
Required percentage =
95. Total number of girls in Painting = 1100
96. Total number of boys, for all streams together in 2004
= $672 + 540 + 859 + 778 + 781 = 3630$
97. Number of boys in Arts stream for all the years
= $556 + 763 + 672 + 809 + 745 + 698 = 4243$
Number of boys in Arts stream in 2004 = 672
Required percentage
=
98. Number of boys from all streams together in 2007
= $698 + 765 + 571 + 1288 + 1151 = 4473$
Number of girls from all streams together in 2007
= $413 + 616 + 515 + 1016 + 1010 = 3570$
Required ratio = $4473 : 3570 = 213 : 170$
99. Total number of boys in Management stream
= $770 + 667 + 778 + 849 + 562 + 1288 = 4914$
Total number of girls in Management stream
= $633 + 439 + 727 + 729 + 938 + 1016 = 4482$
Required ratio = $4914 : 4482 = 91 : 83$
100. Average number of girls in Commerce stream
=

Prepared by

Dr. G.S.Giridhar

RACE Institute, Hyderabad