

**BOARD OF SECONDARY EDUCATION (TELANGANA)**  
**SUMMATIVE ASSESSMENT – II**  
**TENTH CLASS SOCIAL STUDIES MODEL PAPER**  
**PAPER - I (ENGLISH VERSION)**

Time: 2 hrs. 45 mins.

PART – A & B

Maximum Marks: 40

**INSTRUCTIONS:**

- i) 15 minutes allocated to read the question paper.
- ii) 2.30 hours allocated to write answers.
- iii) PART – A must be answered in a separate answer sheet.
- iv) Map and PART – B (Bit paper) should tag to the answer sheet and give them to the invigilator.

Time: 2 hrs.

PART – A

Marks: 35

**SECTION – I**

**INSTRUCTIONS:** i) Answer the following questions in 1 – 2 sentences.

ii) Each question carries ONE Mark.

7 × 1 = 7

1. What do you mean by public facilities?
2. Differentiate climate and weather.
3. How can we identify a person as a Migrate?
4. Write any two aspects of Rampur Villages economy which you like.
5. What is Multiple cropping?
6. Draw a outline Map of India.
7. Give examples of physical and working capital.

**SECTION – II**

**INSTRUCTIONS:** i) Answer the following questions in 4 – 5 sentences.

ii) Each question carries TWO Marks.

6 × 2 = 12

8. What is the difference between foreign trade and foreign investment?
9. Read the following paragraph and explain about agricultural diversification. Explain why are these essential for Indian Farmers?

"Around half of the population in Midnapore is poor. It is a Mono crop region. Yields are low. Many answers are possible but without a plan and good government effort it would be cruel joke to talk about Agricultural diversification.

10. Read the following lines and answer the following question.

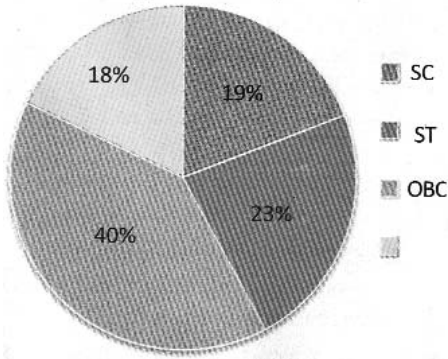
The retret of the monsoons is marked by clear skies and rise in temperature. The land is still moist owing to the conditions of high temperature and humidity, the weather becomes rather oppressive. This is commonly known as "October heat".

Q. Write main characteristics of Retreating Monsoon.

11. What are the main non-farm production activities taking place in your region? Write a brief report on any one such activity.
12. Create two slogans on promoting girl education.
13. Observe the following graph and analyse it.

**Social Background of short term migrants in India, 2007 – 08**

Graph 2 : Social Background of short term migrants in India, 2007-08



**SECTION – III**

**INSTRUCTIONS:** i) Write **FOUR** questions given below.

ii) Each question has **Internal Choice**.

iii) Each question carries **FOUR Marks**.

**4 × 4 = 16**

14. What are the disagreements between developed and developing countries about AGW?

**(OR)**

Environment protection is not just crucial for those communities directly affected but for all of us. Explain with few examples.

15. Plateau regions in India don't support agriculture as much as the plain regions. What are the reasons for this?

**(OR)**

Describe the relationship between increase in food production and food security.

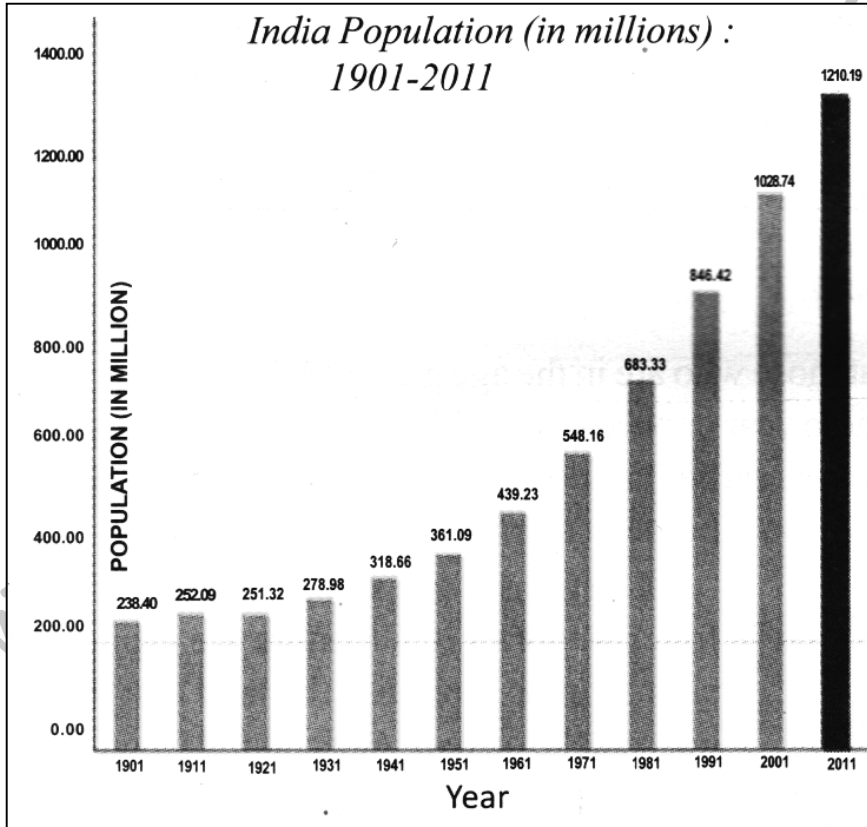
16. Observe the table and answer the questions.

Settlement type	Criteria used	Examples
Mega Cities	Cities having more than 10 million people	* Greater Mumbai UA (population 18.4 million) * Delhi UA (population 16.3 million) * Kolkata UA (population 14.1 million).
Metropolitan Cities / Million Plus cities	Cities having population between one million and 10 million	* Chennai (8.6 million) * Hyderabad (7.2 million) * Ahmedabad (6.2 million)
Cities/ Class I cities	Urban areas having population between 1 lakh and one million	With the help of your teacher identify 2 cities and give the details of population within Telangana
Towns	All the urban areas having population between 5000 and 1 lakh	With the help of your teacher identify 3 towns in / nearby your area and give the details of population
Revenue / Census Village	A village with defined borders	With the help of your teacher identify 3 revenue villages in / nearby your area and give the details of population
Hamlets	A group of houses within the revenue village	With the help of your teacher identify one or two in a revenue villages in / nearby your area

- i) What are called Mega cities?
- ii) Tell the criteria that is used to identify the Metropolitan cities.
- iii) Pick out the word that means a group of houses within the revenue village.
- iv) Which is the biggest city in South India?

(OR)

Observe the increment in Population of India and its growth 1901-2011.



- i) In which year did the Population decrease?
- ii) Why do the year 1921 considered as a year of great divide?
- iii) What does above graph tell us?
- iv) From which year onwards is the population continuously increasing?

17. Locate the following on the given outline Map of India.

- A) The underground river which flows through Thar Desert
- B) Peak K<sub>2</sub>
- C)  $82\frac{1}{2}^{\circ}$  East longitude
- D) Indira Point.

(OR)

- A) Tropic of Cancer
- B) Malabar coast
- C) Imphal
- D) The Narmada

**INSTRUCTIONS:**

- i) Write the capital letters (A, B, C, D) showing the correct answer for the following in the brackets provided against each question.
- ii) Each question carries  $\frac{1}{2}$  mark.
- iii) Answer all the questions.
- iv) Answers are to be written in the question paper only.
- v) Marks will not be awarded in case of any over writing and rewriting or erased answers.

$$10 \times \frac{1}{2} = 5$$

1. .... consists of the many hill stations. ( )  
A) Himadri                      B) Lesser Himalayas                      C) Shivaliks                      D) All of the above
2. In which of the following aspects do you appreciate for Lakshadweep Islands? ( )  
A) The islands are of coral origin.  
B) The islands have great variety of flora and fauna  
C) The islands formed due to volcanic eruption  
D) Both A and B
3. .... is a pivotal element in social studies. ( )  
A) Literacy                      B) Population                      C) Income                      D) Development
4. The Kudankulam Project is to generate ( )  
A) Thermal Power                      B) Solar Power                      C) Nuclear Power                      D) Wind Power
5. GATT is the previous name of ..... ( )  
A) WHO                      B) WTO                      C) ILO                      D) UNESCO
6. There are no boundaries in the flowing of ..... water ( )  
A) Tank                      B) Lake                      C) River                      D) Underground
7. The main theme of before they pass away is ..... ( )  
A) The impact on birds and human beings of spraying DDT for mosquito control  
B) The lethal impact of pesticides on Flora and Fauna  
C) Anthropogenic Global warming and climate change  
D) Nomadic communities (identified) that are on the verge of disappearing
8. Organic Farming is appreciated mostly due to ..... ( )  
A) The use of chemical fertilisers and pesticides  
B) Rely on natural techniques such as crop rotation compost and biological processes.  
C) The use of local resources including on farm processes.  
D) Both A and B
9. The recommended food intake per day in rural areas ..... ( )  
A) 2100 calories                      B) 2300 calories                      C) 2400 calories                      D) 2500 calories
10. The Emigration act of India is passed in ..... year ( )  
A) 1973                      B) 1983                      C) 1971                      D) 1981

**PART – B: ANSWERS**

1-B; 2-D; 3-A; 4-C; 5-B; 6-D; 7-D; 8-D; 9-C; 10-B.