

**BOARD OF SECONDARY EDUCATION (AP)**  
**SUMMATIVE ASSESSMENT – III**  
**TENTH CLASS SOCIAL STUDIES MODEL PAPER**  
**PAPER – I (ENGLISH VERSION)**

**Time: 2 hrs. 45 mins.**

**PART – A & B**

**Maximum Marks: 40**

**INSTRUCTIONS:**

- i) 15 minutes allocated to read the question paper, 2.30 hours allocated to write answers.
- ii) PART – A must be answered in a separate answer sheet.
- iii) Students can take PART – A (Question paper) with them.
- iv) Map and PART – B (Bit paper) should tag to the answer sheet and give them to the invigilator.

**Time: 2 hrs.**

**PART – A**

**Marks: 30**

**SECTION – I**

**INSTRUCTIONS:**

- i) Write answers to the FOUR questions in 1 – 2 sentences.
- ii) Each question carries ONE mark.  $4 \times 1 = 4$
1. What is the issue about which the people of Mohuda village are upset?
2. Why did Tungabhadra river lost its storage capacity?
3. In which state of our country 'the school revolution' started?
4. What is standard calories of food for urban and rural poor?

**SECTION – II**

**INSTRUCTIONS:**

- i) Write answers to the FIVE questions in 4 – 5 sentences.
- ii) Each question carries TWO marks.  $5 \times 2 = 10$
5. Appreciate the role of the people of Hiware Bazar village for their achievement to grow three crops in a year from the position of severe drought?
6. List out the impacts on society if sex ratio is too low or too high?
7. Globalisation by connecting countries results in greater competition among producers? Justify the statement?
8. Suggest any four remedial measures to prevent the formation of urban slums?
9. Development for one might not be development for another.  
How do you justify the above statement?

SECTION – III

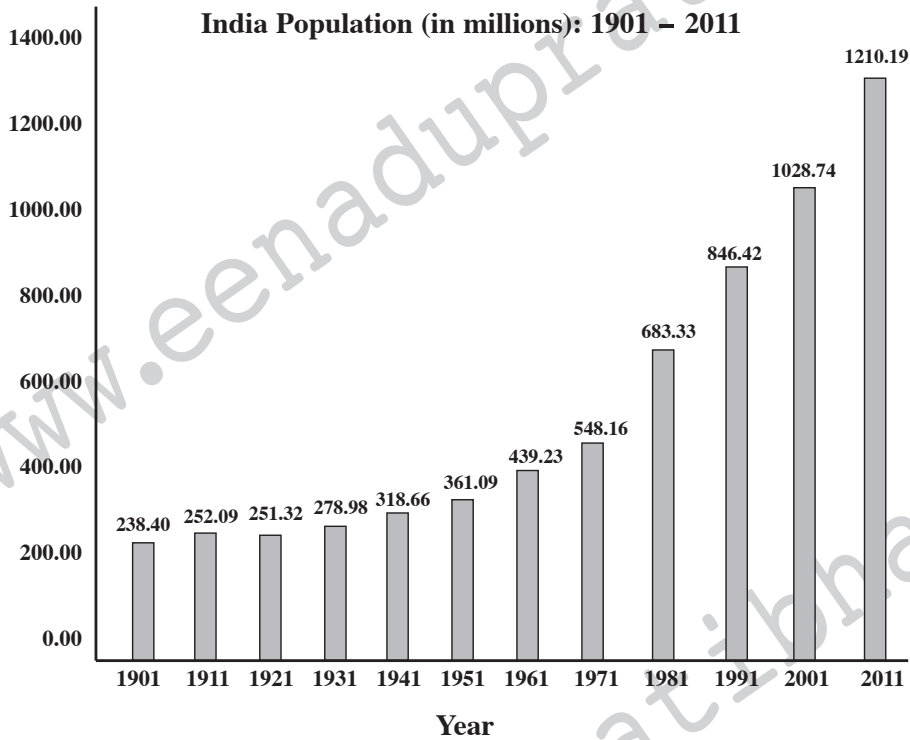
INSTRUCTIONS:

- i) Write answers to the FOUR questions in 8 – 10 sentences.
  - ii) Each question has Internal Choice. You can choose any ONE.
  - iii) Each question carries FOUR marks. 4 × 4 = 16
10. What is the influence of Himalayas on Indian Agriculture?

(OR)

What were the reasons for putting barriers to foreign trade and investment by the Indian Government? Why did it wish to remove these barriers?

11. Observe the following bar graph and answer the questions.



- a) From which year did the population increase continuously?
- b) What is the present population of India?
- c) In which decade the population growth less?
- d) For how many years in the census being taken place in India?

(OR)

Read the table given below and answer the following questions.

Workers	Ploughing	Sowing	Weeding	Transplanting	Harvesting	Winnowing	Threshing	Picking cotton
Male	214	197	215	–	164	168	152	–
Female	–	152	130	143	126	124	118	136

- a) What are the works done only male workers?
- b) What are the works done only by female workers?
- c) In which works, the wages are different from male and female?
- d) What are the reasons for paying less wages to female workers than male workers?

12. Why do you think the effects of climate change may be felt by all countries?

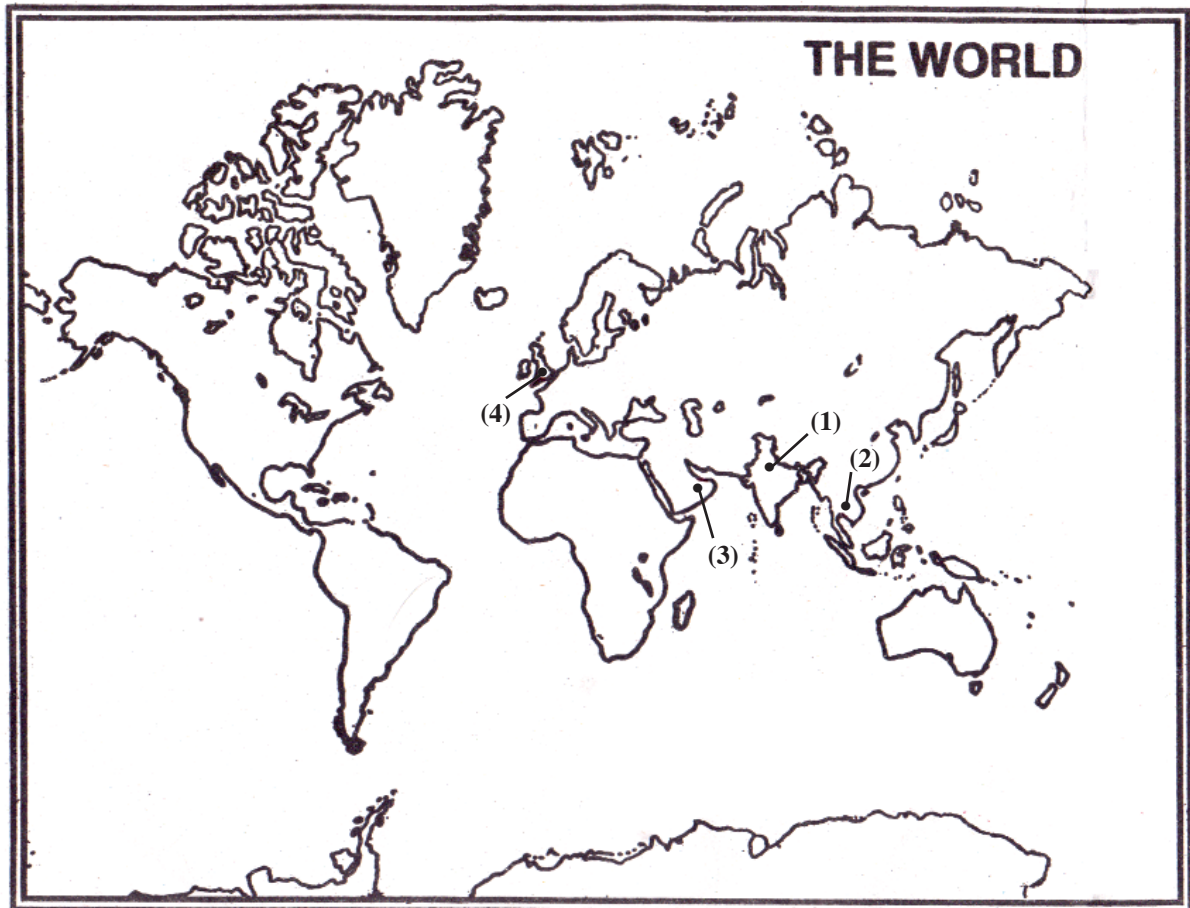
(OR)

Most children of migrant families become dropouts? Do you agree with this statement?

13. Locate the following places in world map.

- a) Indira Gandhi international airport
- b) Suvarna Bhoomi international airport
- c) Dubai international airport
- d) London Heathrow international airport

A:



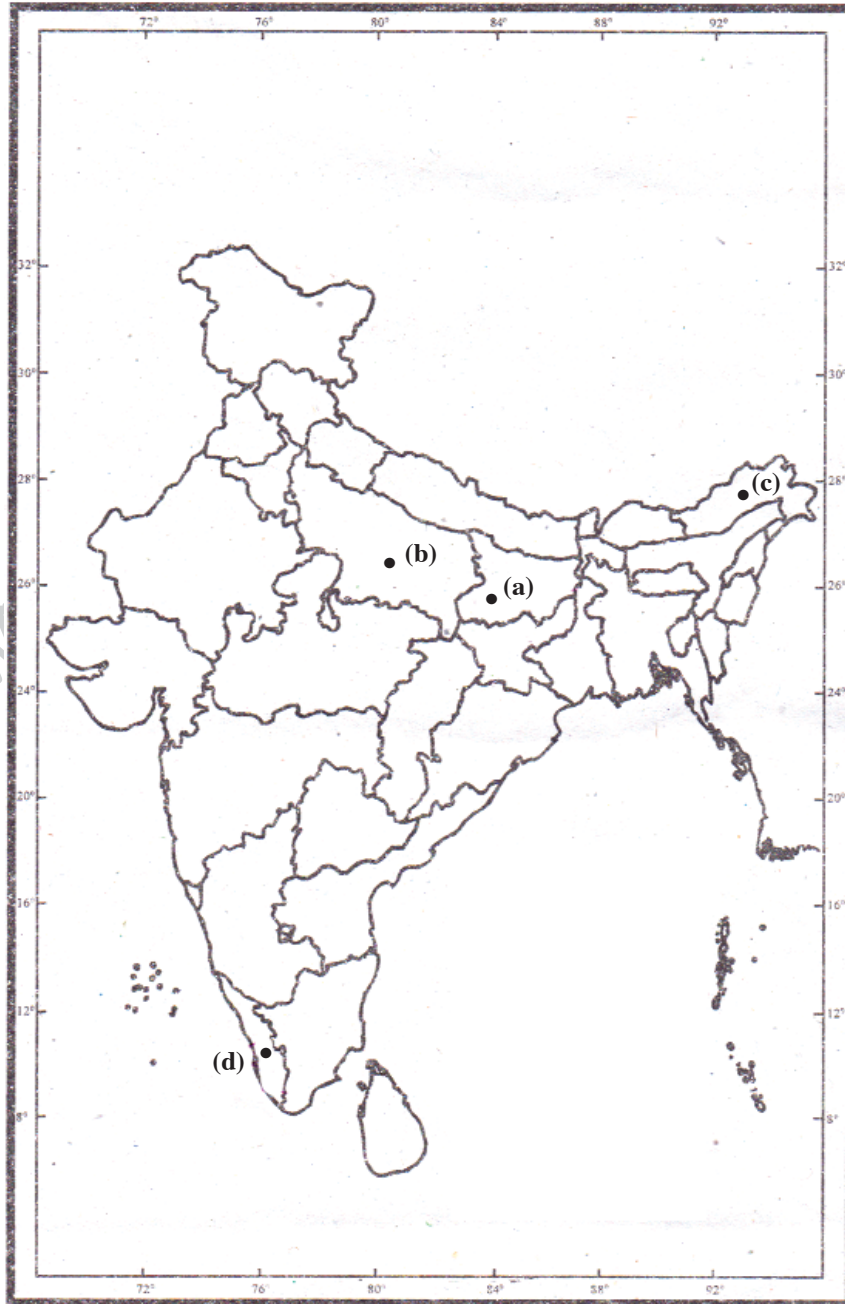
- a) 1 – Indira Gandhi international airport
- b) 2 – Suvarna Bhoomi international airport
- c) 3 – Dubai international airport
- d) 4 – London Heathrow international airport

(OR)

Locate the following in an outline map of India.

- a) The state that having high population density
- b) The highest populous state in India
- c) The state having low population density
- d) The state that having positive sex ratio

A:



- a) The state that having high population density – Bihar
- b) The highest populous state in India – Uttar Pradesh
- c) The state having low population density – Arunachal Pradesh
- d) The state that having positive sex ratio – Kerala



20. Which of the following are correct? ( )  
A) Developmental goals are different for different persons.  
B) Developmental goals are always complementary each other.  
C) Developmental goals are always conflictory to each other.  
D) None of the above is correct
21. Gross Domestic Product is an economic system in one year is calculate by ( )  
A) Final goods and services  
B) All intermediate goods and services  
C) All intermediate and final goods  
D) All the goods and services from foreign countries
22. As we move away from the equator, the temperature ( )  
A) decreases  
B) increases  
C) remains same  
D) None of these
23. River Krishna and Godavari flows towards east. The reason is ( )  
A) Their origin is in westren ghats  
B) Deccan platue is slanting towards east  
C) Bay of Bengal is located in the east  
D) Their origin is nearer to the sea
24. The process of giving water into the atmosphere by living things is called ( )  
A) Evaporation  
B) Evapotranspiration  
C) Transpiration  
D) Precipitation
25. How do you decide the nativity of a person? ( )  
A) Depending on the birth place  
B) Depending on the birth place of parents  
C) The region in which one resides most of one's place  
D) All of the above
26. The method of staying at one place without moving is knows as ( )  
A) Migration  
B) Nomadic  
C) Sendantary  
D) Hunting and gathering
27. The assurance given to the citizens according to article 21 ( )  
A) Right to vote  
B) Food security  
C) Right to live  
D) Right to speech
28. People who are mainly benefited by globalization are ( )  
a. Rich consumers  
b. Skilled and educated people  
c. Farmer  
d. Poor people  
A) a and b  
B) c and d  
C) a and c  
D) a and d

29. Which is the incorrect set? ( )
- A) Labour – Human effort in production
  - B) Working capital – Raw material and money
  - C) Entrepreneurs – Produce for the market
  - D) Fertility of land increase – Excessive use of chemical fertilizers and pesticides

30. In the given India map 'D' shows which state? ( )

- A) Assam
- B) Arunachal Pradesh
- C) Meghalaya
- D) Manipur



31. In the given above India map 'R' shows with the river ( )

- A) Godavari
- B) Krishna
- C) Kaveri
- D) Mahanandi



32. Which of the following helped in reducing discrimination against women? ( )

- A) Population density
- B) Literacy
- C) Illiteracy
- D) Less sex ratio

33. The main benefit of mid-day-meal programme implementation is ( )

- a. Increase in the percentage of children attendance
- b. Increase in the quality of learning and achievement of competencies
- c. Children get nutritional food
- d. Increase in the economical status of parents

- A) c and a
- B) a and b
- C) a and d
- D) c and d

**PART - B**

**ANSWERS**

14-B; 15-A; 16-C; 17-B; 18-A; 19-B; 20-A; 21-A; 22-A; 23-B; 24-B; 25-D; 26-C; 27-C; 28-A; 29-D; 30-D; 31-C; 32-B; 33-C.

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