

SBI ASSOCIATES PO MODEL PAPER

No. of Questions: 200

Marks: 200

Time: 2 Hrs.

REASONING

Directions (1-5): Study the following information carefully and answer the given questions.

Eight family members A, B, C, D, E, F, G and H are sitting around a circular table, facing the centre but not necessarily in the same order.

- ★ F, the wife of D is sitting third to right of C.
- ★ A is the son of H. A is sitting second to left of D. D is not an immediate neighbour of either F or C. No male is an immediate neighbour of D.
- ★ G sits second to left of D's son. Only two persons sit between H and A's brother. Neither C nor D is the brother of A.
- ★ D's son and the wife of D's son are immediate neighbours of each other.
- ★ F is the mother of H. F is not an immediate neighbour of B and G.
- ★ G is the sister of E.

1. Who amongst the following sits exactly between H and F?

- 1) D's wife 2) D's son 3) C
4) B 5) A

2. Who amongst the following is the brother of A?

- 1) E 2) G 3) A 4) B
5) Cannot be determined

3. Based on the given arrangement, how is A related to D?

- 1) Grandfather 2) Son
3) Grandson 4) Daughter-in-law
5) Cannot be determined

4. Four of the following five are alike in a certain way based on the given arrangement and so form a group. Which is the one that does not belong to that group?

- 1) B 2) C 3) H 4) D 5) F

5. Which of the following statements regarding H is definitely correct?

- 1) H is a male
- 2) H is the cousin of C
- 3) Both the immediate neighbours of H are males
- 4) H is the daughter-in-law of D
- 5) H is the father of A

6. Read the following information carefully and answer the question which follows.

A recent report points to the fact that what stands between girls in village Regari and a good education is the lack of transport, to and from the only school in the area.

Which of the following can be **inferred** from the given statement?

(An inference is something which is not directly stated but can be inferred from the given facts.)

- 1) Everyone living in Regari faces problems in commuting
- 2) Discrimination against girls is more evident in Regari than other villages in India
- 3) The report had shown Regari in a poor light
- 4) The school in Regari is not at a walkable distance from the village
- 5) There is also a lack of institute for higher (earning in Regari)

Directions (Q. 7 – 10): Study the following information to answer the given questions.

In a certain code:

'weapons hidden in town' is written as 'white black yellow red'

'ready weapons for attack' is written as 'grey indigo red green'

'hidden for own safety' is written as 'silver grey violet white' and

'own town under attack' is written as 'violet blue indigo black'

7. 'black pink yellow' could be a code for which of the following?

- 1) town under attack
- 2) hidden for safety
- 3) attack in town
- 4) my own town
- 5) risk in town

8. What is the code for 'attack'?

- 1) grey 2) indigo 3) white
4) violet 5) blue

9. Which of the following may represent 'all hidden weapons'?

- 1) white red orange 2) brown grey red
3) indigo white red 4) red violet white
5) orange brown red

10. What is the code for 'own'?

- 1) silver 2) blue 3) indigo
4) violet 5) black

Directions (Q. 11 – 15): Each of the questions below consists of a question and two statements numbered I and II given below it. You have to decide whether the data provided in the statements are sufficient to answer the question. Read both the statements and

Give answer (1) if the data in **Statement I alone** is sufficient to answer the question, while the data in Statement II alone is not sufficient to answer the question.

Give answer (2) if the data in **Statement II alone** is sufficient to answer the question, while the data in Statement I alone is not sufficient to answer the question.

Give answer (3) if the data in **either** Statement I alone or in Statement II alone is sufficient to answer the question.

Give answer (4) if the data in **neither** Statement I nor II is sufficient to answer the question.

Give answer (5) if the data in **both** the Statements I and II together is necessary to answer the question.

11. Among P, Q, R, S and T, sitting in a straight line, facing North, who sits exactly in the middle of the line?

I. P sits third to left of S. T is an immediate neighbour of P as well as R.

II. T sits second to left of S. Q is not an immediate neighbour of either T or S.

12. Among five friends A, B, C, D and E, sitting around a circular table, facing the centre, who sits to the immediate right of A?
- E sits third to right of D. A is not an immediate neighbour of D.
 - C sits second to left of B. A is not an immediate neighbour of C.
13. Who amongst P, Q, R, S and T is the tallest?
- P is taller than S and T but shorter than R. Q is taller than S.
 - T is taller than S. P is not the tallest.
14. Is 'EAST' the word formed after performing the following operations on a word containing these four letters?
- There is only one letter between A and T. E is to the left of A.
 - The word does not begin with T. There is only one letter between E and S. T is not an immediate neighbour of E.
15. Is C the grandmother of M?
- C is the mother of D. D is the brother of M's father
 - E is the mother of S. S is the sister of M. F, the aunt of S is the only daughter of C.

Directions (Q. 16 – 20): Study the following information to answer the given questions.

Eight people viz. A, B, C, D, E, F, G and H are sitting in a straight line facing North. Each one of them has passed a recruitment exam and must join the office on different months viz. January, February, March, April, May, June, July and August but not necessarily in the same order.

- ★ G sits third to the right of the person who joins in May. The person who joins in August sits second to the right of G. A and E are immediate neighbours of each other. Neither A nor E has joining dates either in May or August. Neither A nor E is an immediate neighbour of G.
- ★ H sits third to the right of the person whose joining date is in January. Neither nor E has joining dates in January. H's joining date is not in August.
- ★ Only two people sit between E and the person whose joining date is in July. The person who's joining date is in February sits to the immediate left of D.
- ★ Only one person sits between E and B. C joins on one of the months before July. E joins after April. G joins after A.

16. On which of the following months does H join the office?
- 1) April 2) June 3) July
4) February 5) March
17. Who amongst the following sits exactly between E and B?
- 1) The person who's joining date is in May
2) The person who's joining date is in January
3) L
4) A
5) The person who's joining date is in August
18. 'H' is related to 'July' in a certain way based on the above arrangement 'B' is related to 'June' following the same pattern '.....' is related to 'May' following the same pattern.
- 1) F 2) G 3) A
4) D 5) C
19. Which of the following is true regarding D?
- 1) Only two people sit to the left of D
2) D is sitting second to the right of the person whose joining date is in July
3) E and B are immediate neighbours of D
4) D's joining date is in May
5) None is true
20. Who amongst the following are sitting at extreme ends of the line?
- 1) A and the person who's joining date is in August.
2) The person whose joining date is in May and E.
3) C and G
4) The persons who's joining dates are in March and June.
5) None of these

Directions (Q. 21 – 25): In these questions, relationship between different elements is shown in the statements. The statements are followed by two conclusions.

Give answer (1) if only Conclusion I is true

Give answer (2) if only Conclusion II is true

Give answer (3) if either Conclusion I or II is true

Give answer (4) if neither Conclusion I nor II is true.

Give answer (5) if both Conclusions I and II are true.

21. Statements: $N < O \geq R > T$; $R < A$; $B \leq T$

Conclusions: I. $N < A$

II. $B < A$

22. Statements: $C \geq D = E \leq F$; $Y < D \geq W$

Conclusions: I. $C \geq Y$

II. $F \geq Y$

(23 – 24): Statements: $S \leq T < U \geq W$;

$T \leq R$; $G > U$

23. Conclusions: I. $S < G$

II. $W \leq R$

24. Conclusions: I. $R \geq S$

II. $W < G$

25. Statements: $H \geq G < I$; $F \leq G > Z$

Conclusions: I. $F \leq H$

II. $Z < I$

Directions (Q. 26 – 30): Study the following information carefully and answer the given questions.

A word and number arrangement machine when given an input line of words and numbers rearranges them following a particular rule in each step. The following is an illustration of input and rearrangement. (All the numbers are two digits numbers.)

Input: gate 20 86 just not 71 for 67 38 bake sun 55

Step I: bake gate 20 just not 71 for 67 38 sun 55 86

Step II: for bake gate 20 just not 67 38 sun 55 86 71

Step III: gate for bake 20 just not 38 sun 55 86 71 67

Step IV: just gate for bake 20 not 38 sun 86 71 67 55

Step V: not just gate for bake 20 sun 86 71 67 55 38

Step VI: sun not just gate for bake 86 71 67 55 38 20

and Step VI is the last step of the above input as the desired arrangement is reached.

As per the rules followed in the above steps, find out in each of the following questions the appropriate step for the given input.

Input: 31 rise gem 15 92 47 aim big 25 does 56 not 85 63 with moon.

26. How many steps will be required to complete the rearrangement?

- 1) Eight 2) Six 3) Seven 4) Five
5) None of these

27. Which word/ number would be at 7th position from the left in Step IV?

- 1) rise 2) aim 3) big
4) 15 5) 47

28. Which step number is the following output?

rise not moo gem does big aim 15 with 92 85 63 56 47 31 25

- 1) Step V 2) Step VII 3) Step IV 4) Step VIII
5) There is no such step

29. Which of the following represents the position of '92' in the VI step?

- 1) Ninth from the left 2) Fifth from the right
3) Sixth from the right 4) Ninth from the right
5) Seventh from the left

30. Which word/ number would be at the 5th position from the right in the last step?

- 1) gem 2) 63 3) 56
4) 85 5) does

31. Read the following Statement and answer the question which follows.

A massive agitation is brewing in State X against the proposed widening of the National Highway.

Which of the following represents an **assumption** implicit in the given statement? (An **assumption** is something that is not directly stated but is supposed or taken for granted.)

- 1) The agitation is carried out by local villagers who would be worst affected by widening of the highway.
2) Many other States have much wider highways as compared to State X.

- 3) A national highway already exists in State X.
- 4) Commuters are greatly inconvenienced due to frequent accidents owing to the narrow highway.
- 5) For a road to be declared a highway, a certain width is essential.

Directions (Q. 32 – 35): Read the following information and five statements given below it carefully and answer the questions which follow.

Steve Jobs himself said it: "It's smart to take an existing idea and enhance it beautifully". Apple did it and so did some of the most successful brands worldwide. To be successful, it is not essential to innovate every time. Old stuff in new packaging helps as well and is often referred to as 'imovation' which is a combination of innovation and imitation.

(A) As an innovation is a standalone product in the market, it reaps in all the profit till the

'imovators' imitate it, 'Imovation', however, is not profitable as there are many imitated products in the market at the same time, all reducing each other's profits.

(B) Brand X duplicated Brand Y's mobile phones with exactly the same features and same price range but failed to make an impact in the market.

(C) No one remembers the innovators after some time because they did not turn their idea into success. On the other hand the imitators did what they had to just at the right time.

(D) While Sanfy invented portable MP3 players, it was Apple which enabled MP3 players to play videos and games at a fairly reasonable price, thus capturing the market.

(E) 'Imovation' as a lot less risky business venture. An imitator is already equipped with the analysis of how market received the innovation.

32. Blind imitation of a product can never be successful and sustainable.

Which of the statements numbered (A), (B), (C), (D) and (E) mentioned above proves the above statement most appropriately?

- 1) D
- 2) B
- 3) C
- 4) E
- 5) Both A and C

33. Which of the statements numbered (A), (B), (C), (D) and (E) mentioned above represents an **advantage** of imitating an existing product?

- 1) B 2) Both B and D 3) E 4) Both C and B
5) Both A and D

34. Which of the statements numbered (A), (B), (C), (D) and (E) mentioned above would contradict the fact that limitation of products is a successful market strategy?

- 1) A 2) C 3) D 4) E
5) Both B and E

35. 'Companies must add such values to their imitated products that not only distinguish their imitations but also add to consumer satisfaction'. Which of the statements numbered (A), (B), (C), (D) and (E) mentioned above statements most appropriately?

- 1) A 2) Both A and B
3) Both A and E 4) Both A and C
5) Both B and D

36. Read the following statements and answer the question which follows:

"The first ever low-cost tablet with a 3 hours battery which works only with Wi-Fi for accessing the internet will be a game changer for India's rural population who has been on the wrong side of the digital divide in the country' -stated company X, the manufacturers of the tablet on their role in providing access to internet throughout India.

Which of the following can be **assumed/ inferred** from the given statement? (An **assumption** is something that is not directly stated but is supposed or taken for granted and an **inference** is something which is not directly stated but can be inferred from the given facts.)

- 1) Wi-Fi connections are already available in rural parts of India.
- 2) Other tablets did not have the features such as Wi-Fi connectivity.
- 3) Improvement in accessibility to internet would help education sector the most.
- 4) A mere three hour battery would be grossly insufficient to maximize its benefits.
- 5) The tablet would not benefit urban population in India as much as the rural population.

Directions (Q. 37 – 38): Read the following information carefully and answer the questions which follow.

- ★ Sudha weights more than Bharat and Abhishek.
- ★ Rahul weighs less than only Karan.
- ★ Rahul weighs as much as Sudha as but less than Dana.
- ★ Abhishek does not weigh the minimum.

37. Who amongst the following is the third heaviest?

- 1) Karan 2) Rahul 3) Bharat 4) Dana
5) Cannot be determined

38. Which of the following true?

- 1) Only four people are heavier than Rahul
2) Bharat weights more than Rahul
3) No one weights less than Bharat
4) Only two people are heavier than Karan
5) All are true

39. Read the following information carefully and answer the question which follows.

A is the brother of B. B is the sister of T. T is the mother of P. If it is provided that R is the grandfather of P, how much T be related to R?

- 1) Daughter 2) Granddaughter
3) Sister 4) Wife
5) Daughter or Daughter-in-law

40. Which of the following symbols should replace the question mark in the given expression in order to make the expression 'O ≤ K' definitely true but 'M > I' definitely wrong? I < J ≤ K ? M ≥ N = O

- 1) ≤ 2) < 3) =
4) > 5) ≥

Directions (Q. 41 – 45): In each of the questions below are given four statements followed by four conclusions numbered I, II, III and IV. You have to take the given statements to be true even if they seem to be at variance from commonly known facts. Read all the conclusions and then decide which of the given conclusions logically follows from the given statements disregarding commonly known facts.

41. Statements: All cups are bottles.

Some bottles are jugs.

No jug is plate.

Some plates are tables.

Conclusions: I. Some tables are bottles.

II. Some plates are cups.

III. No table is bottle.

IV. Some jugs are cups.

1) Only I follows

2) Only II follows

3) Only III follows

4) Only IV follows

5) Only either I or III follows

42. Statements: Some chairs are handles.

All handles are pots.

All pots are mats.

Some mats are buses.

Conclusions: I. Some buses are handles.

II. Some mats are chairs.

III. No bus is handle.

IV. Some mats are handles.

1) Only I, II and IV follow

2) Only II, III and IV follow

3) Only either I or III and II follow

4) Only either I or III and IV follow

5) Only either I or III and II and IV follow

43. Statements: All birds are horses.

All horses are tigers.

Some tigers are lions.

Some lines are monkeys.

Conclusions: I. Some tigers are horses.

II. Some monkeys are birds.

III. Some tigers are birds.

IV. Some monkeys are horses.

- | | |
|-------------------------------|---------------------------------|
| 1) Only I and III follow | 2) Only I, II and III follow |
| 3) Only II, III and IV follow | 4) All I, II, III and IV follow |
| 5) None of these | |

44. Statements: Some benches are walls.

All walls are houses.

Some houses are jungles.

All jungles are roads.

Conclusions: I. Some roads are benches.

II. Some jungles are walls.

III. Some houses are benches.

IV. Some roads are houses.

- | | |
|---------------------------|-------------------------------|
| 1) Only I and II follow | 2) Only I and III follow |
| 3) Only III and IV follow | 4) Only II, III and IV follow |
| 5) None of these | |

45. Statements: Some sticks are lamps.

Some flowers are lamps.

Some lamps are dresses.

All dresses are shirts.

Conclusions: I. Some shirts are sticks.

II. Some sticks are flowers.

III. Some flowers are sticks.

IV. Some dresses are sticks.

- | | |
|--------------------|---------------------|
| 1) None follows | 2) Only I follows |
| 3) Only II follows | 4) Only III follows |
| 5) Only IV follows | |

Directions (Q. 46 – 50): Study the following information carefully and answer the given questions.

A, C, E, I, O, N, P and S are eight persons working in an MNC. They are sitting around a circular table in a meeting but not necessarily in the same order. All of them hold a different post, viz President, MD, GM, CA, HR, Vice President, Chairman and Vice Chairman, but not necessarily in the same order. C sits third to the right of the Vice President. Only two persons sit between Vice President and S. The GM and the MD are immediate neighbours. Neither C nor S is a GM or an MD. The GM is not an immediate neighbour of the Vice President. The CA sits third to the right of O, who is not the GM. N sits on the immediate right of the Chairman. The Vice Chairman sits second to the left of A, who is not an immediate neighbour of S. The Vice Chairman is an immediate neighbour of both the HR and the CA. C is not the Chairman. I is not an immediate neighbour of C. E is not an immediate neighbour of the Vice Chairman.

46. Who among the following is the Chairman of the company?
- 1) E 2) A 3) I 4) P
- 5) None of these
47. O holds which of the following posts in the company?
- 1) Chairman 2) HR 3) MD
- 4) Vice Chairman 5) None of these
48. How many persons sit between the Chairman and the President?
- 1) None 2) One 3) Two
- 4) Three 5) None of these
49. Which of the following pairs is an immediate neighbour of I?
- 1) Vice Chairman, CA 2) Chairman, Vice President
- 3) Chairman, HR 4) Vice Chairman, Chairman
- 5) Can't be determined
50. Which of the following statements is true?
- 1) A is the Chairman and sits on the immediate right of N.
- 2) The President and the HR are immediate neighbours of P.
- 3) N is the Vice President and sits second to the left of E.
- 4) None is true 5) All are true

Directions (Q. 51 – 55): Study the following table carefully to answer the questions that follow.

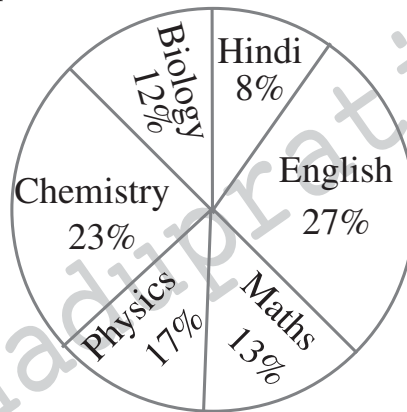
Number of Students (in thousands) passed out from five different Colleges during six different Years

Year	Colleges				
	P	Q	R	S	T
2005	9.3	9.6	8.7	10.4	9.8
2006	7.2	10.4	6.2	12.6	13.7
2007	10.4	12.6	9.8	9.8	14.9
2008	11.4	16.9	11.3	15.4	16.3
2009	13.2	19.3	7.8	13.9	11.8
2010	12.7	18.7	13.7	16.7	15.7

51. What was the respective ratio between the number of students passed out from College-P in the year 2008 and number of students passed out from College-S in the year 2006?
- 1) 38 : 41 2) 23 : 29 3) 19 : 21
4) 17 : 21 5) None of these
52. Number of students passed out from College-R in the year 2008 was **approximately** what percentage of the total number of students passed out from College-T in the year 2006, 2007 and 2009 together?
- 1) 20 2) 33 3) 24
4) 38 5) 28
53. What was the average number of students passed out from all the colleges together in the year 2007?
- 1) 13500 2) 57500 3) 1.15 thousands
4) 11500 5) None of these
54. In which college was the number of students passed out in the year 2008 second highest?
- 1) Q 2) P 3) T
4) S 5) R

55. In which college the number of the students passed out continuously increased during the year 2005 to 2010?
- 1) Only R and T 2) Only Q 3) Only P
4) Only Q and T 5) None

Directions (Q. 56 – 60): Study the following Pie-chart carefully to answer these questions. (1800 teachers working in a school.)



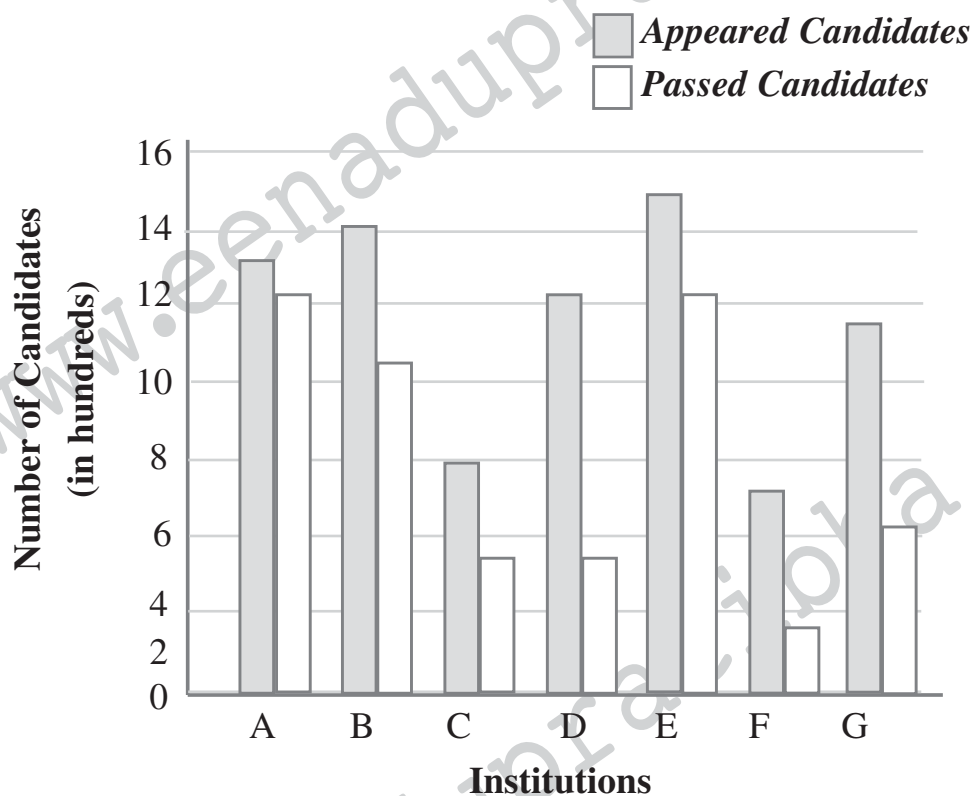
56. If two-ninth of the teachers who teach Physics are female, then number of male Physics teachers is **approximately** what percentage of the total number of teachers who teach Chemistry?
- 1) 57 2) 12 3) 63
4) 69 5) 51
57. What is the total number of teachers teaching Chemistry, English and Biology?
- 1) 1226 2) 1116 3) 1176
4) 998 5) None of these
58. What is the difference between the total number of teachers who teach English and Physics together and the total number of teachers who teach Mathematics and Biology together?
- 1) 352 2) 342 3) 643
4) 653 5) None
59. What is the **respective** ratio of the number of teachers who teach Mathematics and the number of teachers who teach Hindi?
- 1) 13 : 7 2) 7 : 13 3) 7 : 26
4) 8 : 26 5) None of the above

60. If the percentage of Mathematics teachers is increased by 50 percent and percentage of Hindi teachers decreased by 25 percent then what will be the total number of Mathematics and Hindi teachers together?

- 1) 390 2) 379 3) 459
 4) 480 5) None

Directions (Q.61 – 65): Study the following graph and answer the questions that follow.

Number of Appeared Candidates and Passed Candidates (in hundreds) in the Test from Seven Different Institutions



61. What is the difference between the number of candidates appeared from institutions - B, C, D and F together and candidates passed from institutions - A, E and G together?

- 1) 100 2) 900 3) 1000
 4) 540 5) None of these

62. What is the average number of candidates passed from all the institutions together?

- 1) 700 2) 490 3) 350
 4) 675 5) None of these

63. Number of candidates passed from institutions - C and E together is **approximately** what percentage of the total number of candidates appeared from institutions A and G together?
- 1) 72 2) 62 3) 54
4) 75 5) 67
64. From which institution the difference between the appeared candidates and passed candidates maximum?
- 1) B 2) G 3) D
4) F 5) None of these
65. What is the respective ratio between the number of candidates who have failed from institution - B and the number of candidates who have appeared from institution - F?
- 1) 2 : 5 2) 2 : 3 3) 4 : 3
4) 1 : 3 5) None of these

Directions (Q. 66 – 70): Study the following information carefully to answer the questions that follow.

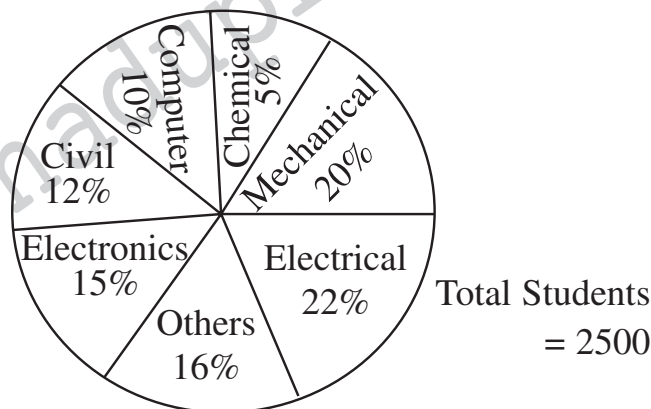
A company produces 4 different products viz., ACs, fans, refrigerators and ovens each product of two different qualities, i.e, Quality-A and Quality-B. The company produces a total of 500 products. One-fifth of total numbers of products are fans out of which 35% are of Quality-B. Fifteen percent of the total number of products is ACs. Two-third of AC's are of Quality-A. Twenty five percent of the total number of products is refrigerators out of which 40 are of Quality-B. Ten percent of the number of ovens is of Quality-B.

66. What is the total number of AC's and ovens of Quality-B and fans and refrigerators of Quality-A together made by the company?
- 1) 165 2) 205 3) 155
4) 185 5) None of these
67. What is the average number of products of Quality-A made by the company?
- 1) 90 2) 75 3) 80
4) 95 5) None of these
68. What is the respective ratio between the number of ovens of Quality-B and the number of fans of Quality-A?
- 1) 5 : 2 2) 4 : 13 3) 5 : 13
4) 4 : 9 5) None of these

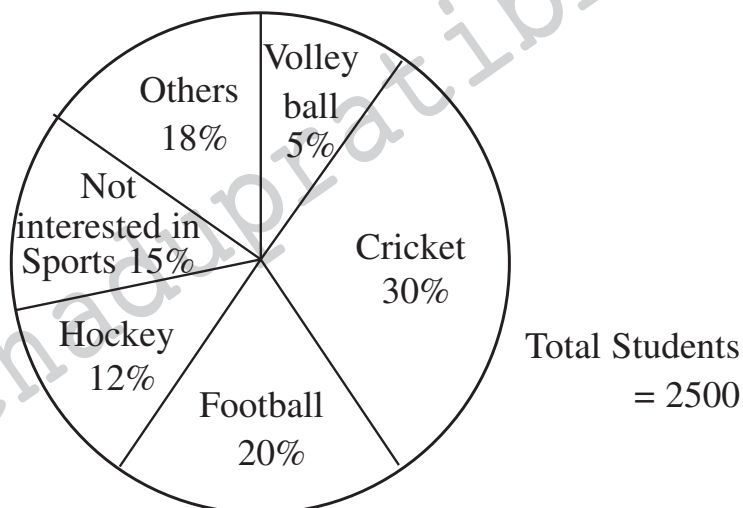
69. What is the difference between the number of ACs of Quality A and Quality B?
- 1) 25 2) 50 3) 35
 4) 40 5) None of these
70. Number of refrigerators of Quality-A is **approximately** what percentage of the total number of ovens (both Quality-A and B together)?
- 1) 39 2) 31 3) 35
 4) 43 5) 49

Directions (Q.71 – 75): Study the pie-charts given below answer the following questions.

Percentage of students studying in various branches of an Engineering college



Percentage of students interested in various sports of the Engineering college

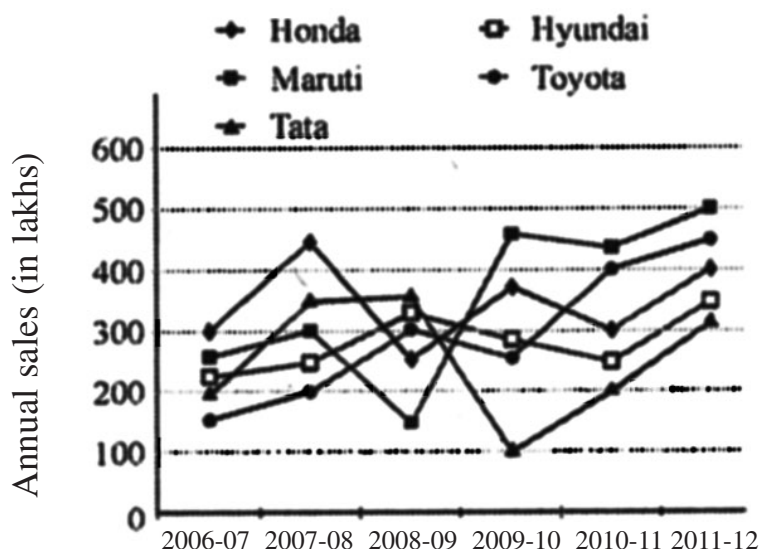


71. If 10% of Civil students, 20% of Mechanical students and 12% of Electrical students are not interested in sports then what is the average number of students of these branches who are interested in sports? (Calculate approximate value)
- 1) 362 2) 378 3) 315
 4) 385 5) 316

72. What is the ratio of the number of students who play volleyball to the number of students who study in Mechanical branch?
- 1) 2 : 3 2) 1 : 4 3) 4 : 1
4) 3 : 2 5) 5 : 6
73. If 20% students of Electronics branch fail and out of these 60% are not interested in sports, then the number of failed Electronics students who are not interested in sports is what percent of the total number of students who are not interested in sports?
- 1) 14% 2) 18% 3) 16%
4) 22% 5) 12%
74. If 50% Mechanical students and 40% of Electrical students are interested in Football then what is their ratio?
- 1) 25 : 22 2) 21 : 19 3) 22 : 37
4) 23 : 47 5) 17 : 11
75. The percentage of students who are interested in other games are same (20%) in all branches. What is the difference between the number of students of Electrical and Mechanical branches who are interested in other games?
- 1) 12 2) 18 3) 10
4) 16 5) 15

Directions (Q. 76 – 80): Study the line graph and answer the questions given below:

The graph shows sales of four wheelers of different companies in India for FY 2006-07 to 2011-12.



76. What is the percentage increase in annual sales of all companies put together from FY 2006-07 to 2011-12?
1) 68% 2) 78.51% 3) 80%
4) 82.22% 5) 14.91%
77. Which company recorded the highest percentage increase in sale from FY 2006-07 to 2011-12?
1) Honda 2) Hyundai 3) Maruti
4) Toyota 5) Tata
78. In which FY is an average sale of all the companies the minimum?
1) 2007-08 2) 2006-07 3) 2010-11
4) 2011-12 5) 2008-09
79. The total sale of Hyundai and Maruti is what percent more or less than the total sale of Tata and Honda in FY 2006-07?
1) 4% less 2) 5% more 3) 5% less
4) 4% more 5) 2% less
80. The total sale of Honda is what percent more than the total sale of Toyota for FY 2009-10?
1) 71% 2) 70% 3) 49%
4) 50% 5) 25%

Directions (Q.81 – 85): Study the following table carefully and answer the questions given below it.

Number of Candidates Appearing for an Interview for a Post in Various Banks and Percentage of Candidates Qualifying

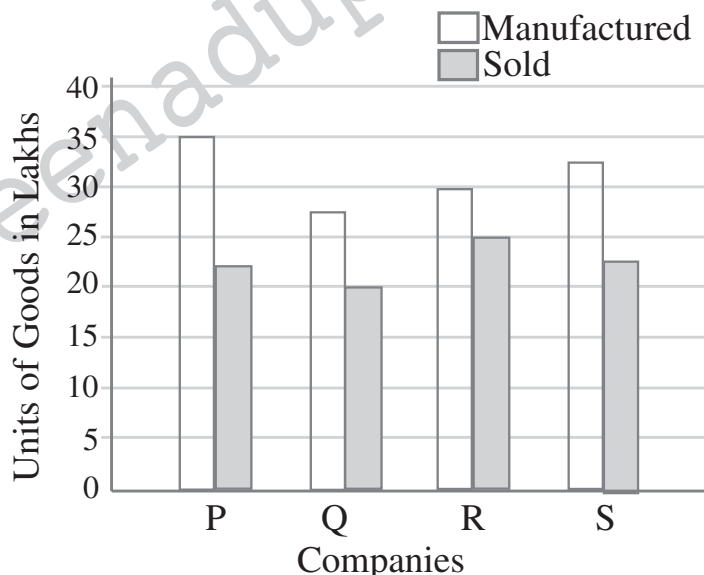
Bank	Candidates Appearing	Percentage of Candidates Qualifying
H	1500	14
I	2200	26
J	3000	17
K	980	20
L	1200	28
M	2500	21

81. The number of candidates who did not qualify in bank K was approximately what percent of the candidates who did not qualify in bank I?
 1) 48 2) 51 3) 42
 4) 44 5) 53
82. What was the respective ratio of the number of candidates who qualified in bank H to the number of candidates who qualified in bank L?
 1) 2 : 5 2) 5 : 6 3) 3 : 7
 4) 5 : 8 5) None of these
83. What was the average number of candidates who appeared for the interview in banks H, J and L together?
 1) 1800 2) 2000 3) 1500
 4) 1700 5) None of these
84. What was the difference between the number of candidates who qualified in banks I and J together and the number of candidates who did not qualify in the same banks?
 1) 3028 2) 3040 3) 3036
 4) 3032 5) None
85. What was the total number of candidates qualifying in banks K, L and M together?
 1) 1042 2) 1057 3) 1050
 4) 1045 5) None of these

Directions (Q. 86 – 90): Study the following graph carefully and answer the questions given below it.

Units of Goods Manufactured and Sold by Various Companies in a Year

(Units of Goods in lakhs)



86. What is the average units of goods manufactured by all the companies together?
1) 31250000 2) 32150000 3) 3125000
4) 3215000 5) None
87. The units of goods sold by Company S are approximately what percent of the units of goods manufactured by the same company?
1) 75 2) 69 3) 65
4) 61 5) 73
88. What is the difference between the units of goods manufactured by companies P and Q together and the units of goods sold by the same companies?
1) 20 lakh 2) 22.5 lakh 3) 22 lakh
4) 20.5 lakh 5) None of these
89. What is the total units of goods sold by all the companies together?
1) 70 lakh 2) 75 lakh 3) 80 lakh
4) 90 lakh 5) None of these
90. What is the respective ratio of the units of goods sold by companies P and Q together to the units of goods sold by companies R and S together?
1) 15 : 17 2) 17 : 18 3) 17 : 19
4) 19 : 20 5) None of these

Directions (Q. 91 – 95): Study the following information carefully and answer the questions given below it.

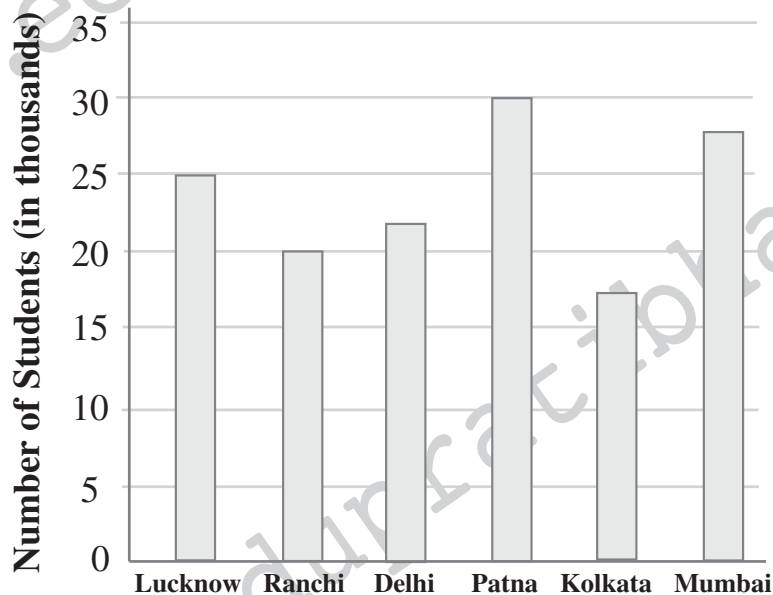
In a colony of 5500 members, 18% of the people manage their business and 10% of those who manage their business are females. 65 % of the total number of people in the colony serves various organisations. 40% of the number of people serving various organisations is females. 12% of the total number of people unemployed is females. The remaining people in the colony are children, 60% of whom are females.

91. The number of children (both males and females) is approximately what percent of people who manage their business (both males and females)?
1) 28 2) 24 3) 32
4) 21 5) 35
92. What is the difference between the male and female children in the colony?
1) 65 2) 55 3) 45
4) 35 5) None

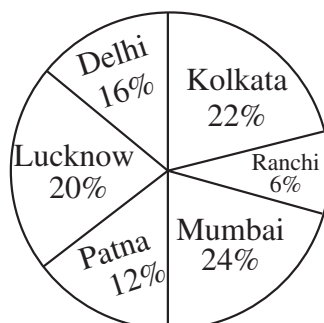
93. What is the total number of adult males in the colony (excluding the children)?
 1) 3496 2) 3490 3) 3500
 4) 3504 5) None of these
94. What is the total number of females in the colony?
 1) 1884 2) 1896 3) 1888
 4) 1892 5) None of these
95. What is the respective ratio of the unemployed males to the number of males working for various organisations?
 1) 3 : 13 2) 12 : 65 3) 4 : 13
 4) 16 : 65 5) None of these

Directions (Q. 96 – 100): Study the following bar chart and pie-chart to answer the questions given below.

Number of candidates (in thousands) who appeared for the IBPS exams from 6 different cities.



Percentage of female candidates from various cities among total female candidates. Female candidates are 40% of the total candidates



96. The average percentage marks obtained by the candidates from Kolkata was 40% of the maximum marks (Maximum marks = 200) and the same for Mumbai was 60%. Find the ratio of the average marks obtained by the candidates of these two cities.
- 1) 3 : 2 2) 2 : 3 3) 3 : 4
4) 4 : 3 5) 5 : 6
97. By what fraction was the number of candidates from Delhi who appeared for the exam less than that from Patna?
- 1) $\frac{5}{9}$ 2) $\frac{2}{3}$ 3) $\frac{1}{4}$
4) $\frac{3}{5}$ 5) $\frac{9}{11}$
98. What is the ratio of the total number of candidates appeared from Delhi, Mumbai and Kolkata to the total number of candidates appeared from Patna, Ranchi and Lucknow?
- 1) 5 : 6 2) 3 : 4 3) 2 : 3
4) 9 : 10 5) 10 : 9
99. Female candidates from Mumbai are what percent of the total number of candidates from Patna?
- 1) 43.6% 2) 42.6% 3) 41.6%
4) 40.6% 5) 45.6%
100. What is the difference between the total number of candidates from Lucknow and the total number of female candidates from Ranchi?
- 1) 20380 2) 22350 3) 21580
4) 16359 5) 14480

GENERAL AWARENESS, MARKETING & COMPUTER

101. Union Government constituted a committee which provides bankruptcy code for SMEs. The committee is headed by
- 1) Aravind Mayaram 2) Arun Jaitley
3) T. K. Vishwanathan 4) H. R. Khan
5) None of these

102. Sania Mirza and Cara Black clinched the WT finals women's doubles title in Singapore recently. Cara Black is a citizen of

- 1) Zimbabwe 2) Croatia 3) France
4) Sweden 5) USA

103. According to World Bank, India is expected to grow at what percent in current fiscal i.e. 2014-15?

- 1) 5.3% 2) 5.6% 3) 6.4%
4) 7% 5) None

104. The banks / institutions involved in a credit arrangement in the case of credit syndication are termed as

- 1) Members 2) Arrangers 3) Syndicators
4) Contributors 5) Negotiators

105. Who has been appointed as the chairman of Prasara Bharati Board for the term of three years?

- 1) Mrinal Pande 2) Bimal Julka
3) Markandeya Khatju 4) Surya Prakash
5) Dilip Trivedi

106. Who is the present Attorney General of India?

- 1) GE Vahanavati 2) Ranjith Kumar
3) Mukul Rohatgi 4) Justice H.L. Dattu
5) None of these

107. What is the expanded form of TDS, a term related to taxation in India?

- 1) Tax Deducted at Source 2) Tax Defaulted at Source
3) Tax Demanded at Source 4) Tax Differed at Source
5) None of these

108. Which of the following banks has recently joined hands with the National Payments Corporation of India (NPCI) to introduce e-KYC (electronic Know Your Customer) norms in its branches? It is the second lender to introduce e-KYC in the country?

- 1) Axis Bank 2) HDFC Bank 3) ICICI Bank
4) Federal Bank 5) Kotak Mahindra

- 109.** India's Rank in the latest "Ease of doing Business" report released by World Bank is
- 1) 142 2) 136 3) 132
4) 126 5) 122
- 110.** A bank draft can be issued by a bank accepting cash provided the amount does not exceed
- 1) Rs.25,000 2) Rs.50,000 3) Rs.75,000
4) Rs.1,00,000 5) None
- 111.** Restriction of 5 times usage of ATM from November 1st to be implemented in how many metros of India?
- 1) 7 2) 6 3) 5
4) 4 5) 3
- 112.** Which of the following countries is declared free of Ebola by WHO recently?
- 1) Sudan 2) Sierra 3) Leone
4) Liberia 5) Nigeria
- 113.** Which Indian state is to celebrate 2015 as 'Tourism Year'?
- 1) Maharashtra 2) Madhya Pradesh
3) Uttar Pradesh 4) Rajasthan
5) Kerala
- 114.** Euro Money's Central Bank Governor of the year Award conferred on the Central Bank Governor of
- 1) Srilanka 2) China 3) USA
4) India 5) UK
- 115.** The International day of Girl child is observed every year on.....
- 1) 11th December 2) 22nd December
3) 11th November 4) 22nd November
5) 11th October
- 116.** Nobel Prize - 2014 in the category of literature is awarded to
- 1) Patrick Modiano 2) Kailash Sathyarathi
3) Malala Yousafzai 4) Both 2 & 3
5) Eric Betzig

117. 17th Asian Games concluded recently in Incheon, South Korea. How many Gold medals does India win?
- 1) 10 2) 11 3) 36
4) 9 5) 8
118. Who has been placed No.2 in 'The 100 Richest Indian List' by Forbes India?
- 1) Anil Ambani 2) Azim Premji
3) Dilip Sanghvi 4) Gautam Adani
5) Cyrus Mistry
119. Which of the following is not considered a valid proof of address while opening an account with a bank?
- 1) PAN card 2) Driving Licence
3) Electricity Bill 4) Voter ID
5) Passport
120. Which of the following movies is selected to represent India at Oscars?
- 1) Liar's Dice 2) Shahid
3) Baagh Milka Bhaagh 4) JGBU
5) The Lunch Box
121. Which one of the following is not a pre-sales activity?
- 1) Lead Generation 2) Product Design
3) Sales Presentation 4) After-sales service
5) Scanning the yellow-pages
122. Corporate Loans are given to
- 1) Individuals 2) Blind Persons
3) Schools & Colleges 4) Proprietary Concern
5) Limited Companies
123. Financial Inclusion needs canvassing the Accounts of
- 1) Financial Institutions 2) NRIs
3) HNIs 4) Housewives
5) Persons from the weaker sections
124. Value added services means
- 1) Costlier products 2) More number of products
3) Additional services 4) At par services
5) New products

125. The USP of a current Account is

- | | |
|---------------------------|------------------------------------|
| 1) High minimum balance | 2) No restrictions on transactions |
| 3) No interest payable | 4) Restricted deposits |
| 5) Any number of accounts | |

126. Situation Analysis is useful for

- 1) SWOT Analysis
- 2) Analysis of sales persons performances
- 3) Analysis of capital markets
- 4) Staff placements
- 5) Area allocation

127. RTGS facility can be best canvassed among

- | | |
|------------------------|----------------|
| 1) Inter-state traders | 2) Tailors |
| 3) Carpenters | 4) Politicians |
| 5) Film stars | |

128. 'USP' of a product connotes

- | | |
|---------------------------------------|-------------------------|
| 1) High selling features of a product | 2) Drawbacks of product |
| 3) New additions to a product | 4) Efficient staff |
| 5) Large Organization | |

129. CRM (Customer Relationship Management) is

- | | |
|------------------------------|-------------------------------|
| 1) a pre-sales activity | 2) a tool for lead generation |
| 3) an ongoing daily activity | 4) the task of a DSA |
| 5) customer complaints | |

130. Recurring Accounts can best be canvassed among

- | | | |
|------------|-------------|---------------------|
| 1) farmers | 2) traders | 3) salaried persons |
| 4) minors | 5) students | |

131. ELSS means

- | | |
|---------------------------------|-------------------------------|
| 1) Entry Load Shares Scheme | 2) Entry Load Starting Shares |
| 3) Equity Linked Savings Scheme | 4) Equity Linked Shares Sold |
| 5) Employee Level Salary Scheme | |

132. Societies and Trusts are the target groups for opening

- | | |
|----------------------------|----------------------------|
| 1) Current Accounts | 2) Savings Accounts |
| 3) Car Loan Accounts | 4) Corporate Loan Accounts |
| 5) Education Loan Accounts | |

- 133.** A website address is a unique name that identifies a specific on the web.
- 1) Web browser
 - 2) PDA
 - 3) Website
 - 4) Link
 - 5) None of these
- 134.** A character of information is represented by a(n)
- 1) byte
 - 2) bit
 - 3) field
 - 4) attribute
 - 5) None
- 135.** An example of a telecommunications device is a
- 1) Keyboard
 - 2) mouse
 - 3) printer
 - 4) modem
 - 5) None of these
- 136.** is a procedure that requires users to enter an identification code and a matching password.
- 1) paging
 - 2) Logging on
 - 3) Time-sharing
 - 4) Multitasking
 - 5) None
- 137.** Which device is used as the standard pointing device in a Graphical User Environment?
- 1) Keyboard
 - 2) Mouse
 - 3) Joystick
 - 4) Track ball
 - 5) None of these
- 138.** The simultaneous execution of two or more instructions is called
- 1) Sequential access
 - 2) reduced instruction set computing
 - 3) multiprocessing
 - 4) disk mirroring
 - 5) None of these
- 139.** Multiprogramming system
- 1) are easier to develop than single programming systems
 - 2) execute each job faster
 - 3) execute more jobs in the same time period
 - 4) use only one large mainframe computer
 - 5) None of the above
- 140.** Which device can understand difference between data and programs?
- 1) Input device
 - 2) Output device
 - 3) Memory
 - 4) Microprocessor
 - 5) None of the above

141. Which of the following devices have a limitation that we can only read it but cannot erase or modify it?

- 1) Tape drive
- 2) Hard disk
- 3) Compact disk
- 4) Floppy disk
- 5) None

142. Which of the following is not an output device?

- 1) Plotter
- 2) Printer
- 3) Monitor
- 4) Touch screen
- 5) None of the above

143. Data that is copied from an application is stored in the

- 1) driver
- 2) clipboard
- 3) terminal
- 4) prompt
- 5) None of the above

144. Every component of your computer is either

- 1) software or CPU/ RAM
- 2) input devices or output devices
- 3) application software or system software
- 4) hardware or software
- 5) None of the above

145. A collection of interrelated records is called a

- 1) management information system
- 2) spread sheet
- 3) database
- 4) text file
- 5) None of the above

146. Which of the following is the storage area within the computer itself which holds data only temporarily as the computer processes instructions?

- 1) The hard disk
- 2) Main memory
- 3) The control unit
- 4) Read-only memory
- 5) None of these

147. Codes consisting of bars or lines of varying widths or lengths that are computer-readable are known as

- 1) a bar code
- 2) an ASCII code
- 3) a magnetic tape
- 4) a light pen
- 5) None

148. A contains specific rules and words that express the logical steps of an algorithm.

- 1) Programming language
- 2) Programming structure
- 3) Syntax
- 4) Logic chart
- 5) None

149. If a memory chip is volatile, it will

- 1) explode if exposed to high temperatures
- 2) lose its contents if current is turned off
- 3) be used for data storage only
- 4) be used to both read and write data
- 5) None of the above

150. is the process of finding errors in software code.

- 1) compiling
- 2) assembling
- 3) interpreting
- 4) debugging
- 5) None

ENGLISH LANGUAGE

Directions (Q. 151 – 155): Rearrange the following five sentences A, B, C, D and E in the proper sequence to form a meaningful paragraph; then answer the questions given below them.

- A. "What a waste of my tax money" I thought, walking past the people having free Californian Chardonnay.
- B. "Speak to her" he said "she's into books"
- C. The friend who had brought me there noticed my noticing her.
- D. In late 2003, I was still paying taxes in America, so it horrified me that the US consulate was hosting a "Gallo drinking appreciation event"
- E. Behind them, a pianist was playing old film tunes, and a slim short woman was dancing around him.

151. Which of the following would be the **FOURTH** sentence?

- 1) A
- 2) B
- 3) C
- 4) D
- 5) E

152. Which of the following would be the **FIRST** sentence?

- 1) A
- 2) B
- 3) C
- 4) D
- 5) E

Only then can we ensure the much-needed supply-demand **..(165)..** in the education sector.

- 156.** 1) with 2) for 3) on
4) into 5) in
- 157.** 1) around 2) near 3) into
4) about 5) reaching
- 158.** 1) forming 2) translating 3) having
4) taking 5) framing
- 159.** 1) affect 2) ideas 3) practice
4) concept 5) procedure
- 160.** 1) benefit 2) merit 3) chance
4) basis 5) method
- 161.** 1) unless 2) until 3) executed
4) provided 5) exercised
- 162.** 1) other 2) any 3) two
4) differ 5) after
- 163.** 1) on 2) of 3) often
4) taken 5) off
- 164.** 1) soft 2) more 3) less
4) only 5) hard
- 165.** 1) need 2) equilibrium 3) expectation
4) attempt 5) aspects

Directions (Q. 166 – 175): Read each sentence to find out whether there is any grammatical error or idiomatic error in it. The error, if any, will be in one part of the sentence. The number of that part is the answer. If there is no error, the answer is (5). (Ignore errors of punctuations, if any).

- 166.** The President has denied (1)/ that the economy is in recession (2)/ or was go into one (3)/ despite a spate of downcast reports. (4)/ No error (5).
- 167.** The angry at being (1)/ left out of the bonanza (2)/ is palpable among (3)/ employees of the organization. (4)/ No error (5).
- 168.** His comments came after (1)/ the research group said that its (2)/ consumer index were (3)/ slumped to its lowest level. (4)/ No error (5).

169. If all goes well (1)/ the examination scheduled for next month (2)/ is all set to be completely free (3)/ from annoying power cuts and disruptions. (4)/ No error (5).
170. There are just too few trains (1)/ for the ever-grow (2)/ number of passengers (3)/ in the city. (4)/ No error (5).
171. The buzz at the party was (1)/ that a famous (2)/ film star and politician, would (3)/ probably drop by for a while. (4)/ No error (5).
172. The opposition disrupted proceedings (1)/ in both houses of parliament (2)/ for the second consecutive day (3)/ above the plight farmers in the country. (4)/ No error (5).
173. In response of the growing crisis, (1)/ the agency is urgently asking for (2)/ more contributions, to make up for (3)/ its sharp decline in purchasing power. (4)/ No error (5)
174. The tennis player easy through (1)/ the opening set before her opponent, (2)/ rallied to take the final two sets (3)/ for the biggest victory of her young carrier. (4)/ No error (5).
175. Aggression in some teenage boys (1)/ may be linkage to overly (2)/ large glands in their brains, (3)/ a new study has found. (4)/ No error (5).

Directions (Q. 176 – 190): Read the following passage carefully and answer the questions given below it. Certain words/ phrases have been printed in **bold** to help you locate them while answering some of the questions.

A new analysis has determined that the threat of global warming can still be greatly **diminished** if nations cut emissions of heat-trapping green-house gases by 70% this century. The analysis was done by scientists at the National Centre for Atmospheric Research (NCAR). While global temperatures would rise, the most dangerous potential aspects of climate change, including **massive** losses of Arctic sea ice and permafrost and **significant** sea-level rise. could be partially avoided.

"This research indicates that we can no longer avoid significant warming during this century" said NCR scientist Warren Washington, the study paper's lead author "But if the world were to implement this level of emissioncuts we could stabilise the threat of climate change" he added.

Average global temperatures have warmed by close to 1°C since the pre-industrial era. Much of the warming is due to human-produced emissions of greenhouse gases, **predominantly** carbon dioxide. This heat-trapping gas has increased

from a pre-industrial level of about 284 parts per million (ppm) in the atmosphere to more than 380 ppm today. With research showing that additional warming of about 1°C may be the threshold for dangerous climate change, the European union has called for **dramatic** cuts in emission of carbon dioxide and other greenhouse gases.

To examine the impact of such cuts on the world's climate Washington and his colleagues ran a series of global studies with the NCR- based community climate system model (CCSM). They assumed that carbon dioxide levels could be held to 450 ppm at the end of this century. In contrast, emissions are now on track to reach about 750 ppm by 2100 if unchecked The team's results showed that if carbondioxide were held to 450 ppm, global temperatures would increase by 0.6°C above current reading by the end of the century. In contrast, the study showed that temperatures would rise by almost four times that amount, to 2.2°C above current reading, if emissions were allowed to continue on their present course. Holding carbon dioxide levels to 450 ppm would have other impacts, according to the climate modeling study.

Sea-level rise due to thermal expansion as water temperatures warmed would be 14 cm (about 5.5 inches) instead of 22 cm (8.7 inches).

Also, Arctic ice in the summertime would **shrink** by about a quarter in volume and stabilise by 2100, as **opposed** to shrinking at least three-quarters and continuing to melt, and Arctic warming would be reduced by almost half.

176. Why has the European union called for dramatic cuts in carbon dioxide and green-house gas emissions?

- 1) As global warming is not an issue of concern
- 2) As the temperatures may rise almost by an additional 1°C and this may lead to severe climate change
- 3) As the NCAR has forced the European union to announce the cuts
- 4) As all the nations have decided to cut emissions of carbon dioxide
- 5) None

177. What would not be one of the impacts of cutting green-house gas emissions?

- 1) Temperatures will stop soaring
- 2) Ice in the Arctic sea would melt at a slower pace
- 3) The rise in the sea level would be lesser
- 4) All of the above would be the impact
- 5) None of the above

178. What would be the impact of unchecked green-house gas and carbon dioxide emissions?
- 1) The temperature would rise from the current temperature by 2.2°C
 - 2) The sea-level would rise by about 5.5 inches
 - 3) The Arctic ice would stabilise by 2100
 - 4) The Arctic ice would reduce by one-fourth
 - 5) None of the above
179. What can be the most appropriate title of the above passage?
- 1) A study of the rise in water level
 - 2) A study of rise in temperatures
 - 3) A study of the effects of green-house gas emissions
 - 4) A study of the Arctic region
 - 5) A study of change in seasons
180. Which of the following statements is true in context of the passage?
- 1) At present, the carbon dioxide emissions is about 284 ppm
 - 2) The carbon dioxide emissions will be about 450 ppm at the end of this century if unchecked
 - 3) The carbon dioxide emissions was about 380 ppm during the pre-industrial era
 - 4) The carbon dioxide emissions will be about 750 ppm at the end of this century if unchecked
 - 5) None of the above
181. What does the scientist Warren Washington mean when he says "we could stabilise the threat of climate change"?
- 1) Climate change can be stopped completely
 - 2) Climate change can be regularized
 - 3) Climate change and its effects can be studied extensively
 - 4) The ill-effects of the change in climate can be minimized
 - 5) None of the above
182. Why did Washington and his colleagues conduct a series of studies?
- 1) Because they realize that the temperature increase was almost about 1°C
 - 2) So that they could stabilize the climate change

- 3) So that they could help the European Union in cutting the carbon dioxide emissions
- 4) Because they found out that the green-house gas emissions could be cut by 70%
- 5) None of the above

183. What would be the impact of holding the carbon dioxide level at 450 ppm at the end of this century?

- A. Global temperatures would increase by 0.6 degrees Celsius
- B. Arctic warming would be reduced by half
- C. Thermal expansion will stop completely

- 1) Only A
- 2) Only A and B
- 3) Only B and C
- 4) All the A,B and C
- 5) None of the above

Directions (Q.184 – 187): Choose the word which is **most similar** in meaning to the word printed in **bold** as used in the passage.

184. Dramatic

- 1) Unprecedented
- 2) Thrilling
- 3) Spectacular
- 4) Effective
- 5) Feeble

185. Shrink

- 1) Contract
- 2) Physician
- 3) Wither
- 4) Shrivell
- 5) Reduce

186. Predominantly

- 1) Clearly
- 2) Aggressively
- 3) Mainly
- 4) Firstly
- 5) Faintly

187. Massive

- 1) Tall
- 2) Tough
- 3) Total
- 4) Little
- 5) Severe

Directions (Q. 188 – 190): Choose the word which is **most opposite** in meaning to the word printed in **bold** as used in the passage.

188. Significant

- 1) Substantial
- 2) Miniscule
- 3) Incoherent
- 4) Unimportant
- 5) Irrelevant

189. Opposed

- 1) Resistant 2) Against 3) Favoring
4) Similar 5) Agree

190. Diminished

- 1) Created 2) Rose 3) Increased
4) Lessen 5) Finished

Directions (Q. 191 – 195): Which of the phrases (1), (2), (3) and (4) given below each sentence should replace the phrase printed in **bold** in the sentence to make it grammatically correct? If the sentence is correct as it is given and no correction is required mark (5) as the answer.

191. Although scared of heights, she **gather all her courage** and stood atop the 24-storey building to participate in the activities.

- 1) gathered all her courage 2) gathered all courageous
3) gather all courageous 4) is gather all courage
5) No correction required

192. Naturally, with everything **gone so well** for them, it was time for celebration.

- 1) go so well 2) going so well
3) will inaugurating 4) is inaugurate
5) No correction required

193. The ban was imposed by the state's commercial taxes department last Friday after protests by a certain community, which **has threat to burnt** cinema halls screening the controversial movie.

- 1) had threats of burning 2) had threatened to burn
3) had threatened to burn 4) had threatened to burning
5) No correction required

194. Rakesh, an avid football player who captained his team in school and college, **will inaugurate** match tomorrow in Pune.

- 1) will be inaugurate 2) in inauguration
3) will inaugurating 4) is inaugurate
5) No correction required

195. At a musical night organized for them, the artistic side of the doctors **came as forward**, as they sang beautifully and made the evening truly memorable.

- 1) come forward
- 2) come to the fore
- 3) came to the forth
- 4) came to the fore
- 5) No correction required

Directions (Q. 196 – 200): Each question below has two blanks, each blank indicating that something has been omitted. Choose the set of words for each blank which best fits the meaning of the sentence as a whole.

196. Behaving in a and serious way, even in a situation, makes people respect you.

- 1) calm, difficult
- 2) steady, angry
- 3) flamboyant, tricky
- 4) cool, astounding
- 5) silly, sound

197. Along with a sharp rise in, a recession would eventually result in more men, women and children living in

- 1) crime, apathy
- 2) fatalities, poor
- 3) deaths, slums
- 4) unemployment, poverty
- 5) migrations, streets

198. The government has to provide financial aid to the ones by severe floods in the city.

- 1) desired, troubled
- 2) promised, havoc
- 3) failed, affected
- 4) wanted, struck
- 5) decided, ill

199. An airplane with passengers on board made an unscheduled as the airport to which it was heading was covered with thick fog.

- 1) irritable, slip
- 2) faculty, stop
- 3) variety, halt
- 4) tonnes, wait
- 5) numerous, landing

200. Deemed universities huge fees, but have not been successful in providing education to our students.

- 1) collect, maintaining
- 2) pay, better
- 3) ask, good
- 4) charge, quality
- 5) demand, quantitative

KEY

1-5; 2-1; 3-3; 4-1; 5-3; 6-4; 7-5; 8-2; 9-1; 10-4; 11-5; 12-1; 13-4; 14-5; 15-1; 16-4; 17-1; 18-1; 19-2; 20-1; 21-2; 22-4; 23-1; 24-5; 25-5; 26-1; 27-4; 28-2; 29-3; 30-3; 31-1; 32-2; 33-3; 34-1; 35-5; 36-1; 37-4; 38-3; 39-5; 40-3; 41-5; 42-5; 43-1; 44-3; 45-1; 46-2; 47-3; 48-4; 49-4; 50-3; 51-3; 52-5; 53-4; 54-3; 55-5; 56-1; 57-2; 58-2; 59-5; 60-3; 61-3; 62-1; 63-5; 64-3; 65-2; 66-5; 67-4; 68-2; 69-1; 70-4; 71-4; 72-2; 73-5; 74-1; 75-3; 76-3; 77-4; 78-2; 79-3; 80-4; 81-1; 82-4; 83-5; 84-3; 85-2; 86-3; 87-2; 88-1; 89-4; 90-3; 91-1; 92-2; 93-5; 94-4; 95-5; 96-2; 97-3; 98-4; 99-5; 100-5; 101-3; 102-1; 103-2; 104-2; 105-4; 106-3; 107-1; 108-2; 109-1; 110-2; 111-2; 112-5; 113-2; 114-4; 115-5; 116-1; 117-2; 118-3; 119-1; 120-1; 121-4; 122-5; 123-1; 124-3; 125-2; 126-1; 127-1; 128-1; 129-1; 130-1; 131-3; 132-4; 133-4; 134-2; 135-4; 136-2; 137-2; 138-3; 139-2; 140-4; 141-1; 142-4; 143-2; 144-4; 145-3; 146-2; 147-1; 148-1; 149-2; 150-1; 151-3; 152-4; 153-2; 154-1; 155-5; 156-4; 157-1; 158-4; 159-3; 160-2; 161-1; 162-1; 163-5; 164-5; 165-2; 166-3; 167-1; 168-3; 169-1; 170-2; 171-4; 172-4; 173-4; 174-1; 175-2; 176-2; 177-4; 178-1; 179-3; 180-4; 181-4; 182-5; 183-2; 184-1; 185-5; 186-3; 187-5; 188-4; 189-4; 190-3; 191-1; 192-2; 193-3; 194-5; 195-4; 196-1; 197-4; 198-3; 199-5; 200-4.

(ఈ సమాన ప్రశ్నపత్రాన్ని హైదరాబాద్‌లోని **Race ఇన్‌స్టిట్యూట్** నిపుణుల బృందం రూపొందించింది.)